The People's Press.

XIX. SALEM, N. C., JULY 28, 1871. NO. 30.

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DEMOREST'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY combines the most useful, comprehensive and complete Magazine now issued. It employs only first-class writers in all its numerous departments, including Music, Stories, Poetry, Household Matters, Architecture, and Gardening; and its Fashions are unquestionably far ahead of all others, both for beauty and originality. Demorest's Monthly for handsome typography, high-toned literature, and first-class illustrations, fully entitles it to the claim of being the model Parlor Magazine of America.

We will club the People's Press with the following Magazines and illustrated papers at the annexed reduced rates. This is a good opportunity to secure the best periodical literature of the country.

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS AND

Harper's Weekly, Monthly, and Bazaar each $5
Atlantic Monthly, $5. Every Saturday, $5 50
Appleton's Journal $5, Scribner's Mag. $4 50
Godey's Lady's Book, $4. Peterson's Mag. $3 50.
Oliver Optic, $3 50. Our Young Folks, $3 50.
Galaxy, $5.

Harper's Periodicals are all first class, and are highly appreciated. The attractions for 1871 are fully up to, if not superior to the past.

The Atlantic Monthly is unsurpassed in its style of literature. It is one of the most entertaining magazines on our table.

Every Saturday is an elegantly illustrated newspaper, and its literary contents are unexceptionable.

Appleton's Journal, a literary weekly, has established a reputation for beauty of typography and its excellent illustrations. Several recent numbers have been illustrated with scenes in Western North Carolina and Virginia.

Scribner's Monthly is the successor of Putnam and Hours at Home. It is well illustrated, and certainly combines the excellencies of its able predecessors. We greet its monthly appearance with pleasure.

The Galaxy is among our most valued exchanges. Its literary and political articles are always entertaining, while the genial humor of Don Piatt gives a zest to the whole.

Godey's Lady's Book is a household word in this community.

Peterson enjoys a well earned reputation.

Our Young Folks, is an excellent monthly for youthful readers.

Oliver Optic is one of the best magazines for the rising generation.

TO CANVASSERS.

AS we have in serious contemplation the enlargement of the PEOPLE'S PRESS, we offer the following inducements to those who will interest themselves in our behalf, and thereby assist in establishing a first class newspaper in this section of country:

No. 1.

An extra copy of the *Press*, "Stories of Old and New Testament," "Chronicles of Schoenberg Cotta Family," "The Early Dawn."

For *five* new cash subscribers at $2 00 each, we will send the *Press* or any one of the books named in No. 1.

No. 2.

"Practical French Teacher," "Draper's Text Book of Physiology," "Youatt and Spooner on the Horse."

For *ten* new cash subscribers at $2 each, we will send any one of the books named in No. 2

No. 3.

"Secrets of the great city of New York," "Southern Amaranth," "Hydropathic Family Physician," Diary of Kitty Trevylyan," (a story of the time of Whitfield and the Wesleys.) "Draytons and the Davenants," "On both sides of the Sea."

For *fifteen* new subscribers at $2 each, we will send any one of the books named in No. 3.

No. 4.

"Tytler's Universal History," "Buck's Theological Dictionary," "Webster's Univer ity Pronouncing Dictionary," one dozen "Games" assorted.

For *twenty* new cash subscribers at $2 each we will send any one of the articles named in No. 4.

No. 5.

"Ewell's Medical Companion," "Bullion's Latin English and English and Latin Dictionary," Well's new Physiognomy or Signs of Character," "Patent Revolving Photograph Album," Webster's National Pictorial Diction ary."

For *twenty-five* new cash subscribers at $2 each, we will send any one of the articles named in No. 5.

March, 1871. L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

AT THE BOOK STORE.

NEAT WALNUT WORK BOXES at low prices
TRANSPARENT SLATES, three sizes.
Cheap Port Folios, Paper Window Shades,
Fireboard Prints, Wall Paper,
INITIAL PAPER.—Rose Tint, and Ornamented.
Magill's Paper Fasteners.
New Ink Erasers,—the best thing out.
Good and cheap Writing Paper.
Blank Account and Record Books.
Tilden's Nonspilling Inkstands,
and many other articles in our line.
L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
March 31, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE BOOK STORE,

Mental Photograph Albums,
Waverly and other Novels, (cheap.)
Dickens and other Novels, (cheap,)
Pocket-Maps, N. C.
Hayden's Dictionary of Dates.
Pictures of Christ.
Steel Engraving of Holy Family.
World Essays.
Songs before Sunrise.
A Woman's Poems.
Verses, by, H. H.
May 19, 1871.

FOR SALE.

IRON COG WHEELS, SHAFTING, BOXES BOLTS &c. Enquire at this office.
Salem, Nov. 15, 1870.

An Exhausted Husband.

We take the following from a letter said to have been written by a bride:

MY DEAR AUNT:—Although you told me when I invited you to my wedding, that I was too young to marry, and not capable of choosing a mate for life properly, and with due consideration, I know that you may now feel that I was wiser than you thought. In selecting dear Orlando I have gained a most affectionate and attentive husband, and one who has neither a fault nor a vice. Heavens! What must a girl suffer who finds herself united to a dissipated person, neglectful of her, and disposed to seek the society of unworthy persons, who drink, smoke, and do all sorts of dreadful things.

Thank Heaven, Orlando is perfection.

I have but one trial—business takes him so much away from me. A lawyer must attend to business, you know; and sometimes they carry on the cases until two at night. Often and often he has examined witnesses till half past twelve, came home perfectly exhausted. And the nasty things will smoke, so that his dear coat quite smells of it. And as it makes him as ill as it does me, I have to air it, and sprinkle the lining with Cologne water, before he dares to put it on.

I had a terrible fright the other night—dreadful. Orlando had told me that business—I think he said that it was a case of life and death—would detain him late. So I sat up, as usual, with a book, and did not worry until 1 o'clock. After that I was a little anxious, I confess, and caught a cold in my head, peeping through the up stairs window-blinds; for, dear aunt, it was not until 3 o'clock that I heard a cab driving up the street, and saw it stop at our door; then I thought I should faint, for I was sure some dreadful accident had happened to Orlando.

I ran down to open the door. Mr. Smith, a friend of Orlando's, who is not, I confess, very much to my taste—such a red faced, noisy man—was just supporting my dear boy up the steps.

"Oh, what has happened?" I cried.

"Don't be frightened, Mrs. White," said Mr. Smith. "Nothing at all; only White is a little exhausted. Application to business will exhaust a man, and I thought I would bring him home."

"All right, Belle," said Orlando, "Smith tells the truth—I'm exhausted."

And, dearest aunt, he was so much so that he spoke quite thick, and could'nt stand up without tottering. Mr. Smith was kind enough to help him up stairs, and he laid upon the bed so prostrate that I thought he was going to die. Then I remembered the French brandy you gave me in cases of sickness. I ran to get it out.

"Will you have a little brandy and water, dear?" I said.

"The very thing. Smith is exhausted, too. Give some to Smith," said he.

And I reproached myself for not having thought of it before Mr. Smith was gone. But I gave a glass to Orlando, and under Providence, I think it saved his life; for, oh, how bad he was.

"Bella," said he, quite faltering in his speech, "the room is going round so fast that I can't catch your eye. And besides there's two of you, and I don't know which is which."

I knew these were dreadful symptoms.

"Take a drink, dear," said I, "and I'll try to wake Mary, and send her for the doctor."

"No," said he, "I'll be all right in the morning. I'm all right now. Here's your health. You are a brick. I—" And over he fell fast asleep.

Oh, why do men think so much of money making? Is not health better than anything else?

Of course as he had laid down in his hat, I took that off first. And I managed to divest him of his coat. But when it came to his boots—dearest aunt, did you ever take off a gentleman's boots? probably not, as you are a single lady—what a task! How do they get on on? I pulled and pulled, and shook and wriggled, and gave it up. But it would not do to leave them on all night; so I went at it again, and at last one came off so suddenly, and over I went on the floor, and into his hat, which I had put down there for a minute. I could have cried. And the other came off the same way, just as hard and just as sudden at last. Then I put a soft blanket over Orlando, and sat in my sewing chair all night. Oh, how heavily he breathed. And I had, as you may fancy, the most dreadful fears. He might have killed himself by his over application to business, for all that I know. The perfect ones go first, it is said.

Oh, how differently should I have felt had anything happened to my beloved Orlando. He has not had so exhausting a day since, and I think sees the folly of overwork; though if courts will keep open so late, what can poor lawyers do? I think it very inconsiderate of the Judge. I wonder whether he has a wife—the mean old thing!

Dried Up the Wrong Man.

The following is related of one of the brethren of a certain church, as having occurred a year or two since, but for obvious reasons not let out of the select circle where it has always been a source of fun. A gentleman who is much gifted in prayer, and liked to talk of Sunday Schools, and whom we will call B., for short, attended an evening prayer. While the bell was ringing to hasten up laggards, B. 'improved the opportunity' by sending an eloquent appeal to the throne of grace. Thinking the bell had been rung enough, another member said very imperiously to one of those small boys who are always around, in and out of season, "Go and tell the fellow to stop." A small boy never did understand anything as he was told to do it, and this small boy was not likely to stultify himself in that manner. Instead of going to the sexton and silencing 'that dreadful bell,' he turned his way down the aisle, where B. was warming to his work, and in a loud hissing voice said, "Here now, Mr. H—— says for you to dry up that!" Poor B. blushed a brilliant scarlet, cut off an earnest invocation in the middle of a sentence, and all the balance of the evening sulked in sullen silence. At the close of the meeting he demanded of the offending member an explanation, which was satisfactorily given, and the 'unpleasantness' amicably settled.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.—That the costs of governments are far greater under the present system, than under the old. The ordinary expenses of the State government under the present Constitution are at least $700,000 per year; nearly $400,000 a year more than under the old system.

Mode of Calling a Convention in other States.

1. *Virginia* never had any specific mode; but the legislature by a mere majority submits the question to the voters, and the question is determined by a majority of the voters.

2. By the Constitution of *West Virginia* amendments may be proposed and submitted to the electors by a majority of the members of each house, and if adopted by a majority of the electors, become parts of the Constitution. Conventions may assemble under any law passed by a majority of the members of each house.—*Constitution of* 1863. *Art.* 12.

3. By the constitution of *Kentucky* a majority of all the members elected to each house of the general assembly, in their discretion, may pass a law for taking the sense of the people as to calling a convention. All subsequent proceedings thereafter are controlled by simple majorities of the legislature and people.—*Constitution of* 1850, *Art.* 12.

4. *Missouri.*—A majority of the members of each house may propose such amendments as they shall deem expedient; the amendments proposed shall be published and submitted to a vote of the people. If a majority of the voters shall vote for the amendment, it shall become a part of the constitution. "The general assembly may at any time authorize by law a vote of the people, to be taken, upon the question, whether a convention shall be held for the purpose of amending the constitution," and a majority of votes shall determine the question.

5. *New York.*—The mode of amending its constitution and calling convention is the same as that of Missouri.—*Constitution of* 1846, *Art.* 13.

6. *Nebraska.*—"A majority of the senate and house of Representatives," may at any time call a convention for revision or changing the constitution; the question may be submitted to the electors, and they determine it by a majority vote—*Convention of* 1867.

7. *Oregon.*—Amendments may be submitted by the "legislative assembly" to the electors, and, if adopted by a majority of voters, shall become a part of the constitution.—*Constitution of* 1857, *Art.* 17.

8. *Pennsylvania.*—Amendments may be proposed by a majority of the members elected to each house, and submitted to the people, and a majority of the voters of the people shall determine whether the amendment shall become a part of the constitution.—*Constitution of* 1828, *Art.* 19.

9. *Wisconsin.*—Any amendment may be proposed by a majority of the members of each house and submitted to the people for their adoption. A majority of voters determines the question.—*Constitution of* 1848, *Art.* 12.

10. *California.*—The constitution is amended in the same way as that of Wisconsin.—*Cons. of* 1850, *Art.* 10.

11. *Alabama.*—A convention may be called, at any time, by submitting the question of calling it to the qualified electors. The vote of the majority determines the question.—*Cons. of* 1865.

12. *Delaware.*—The discretion of calling a convention whenever it may suit the people rests wholly with the majority. This discretion may be exercised as often as it may suit their will.—*Constitution of* 1831, *Art.* 9.

13. *Indiana.*—The general assembly, at any time, by a vote of the majority of the members of each house, may propose amendments to be submitted to the electors. If adopted by a majority of them the amendments become a part of the constitution.—*Constitution of* 1851, *Art.* 15.

14. *Iowa.*—Constitution amended in the same way as that of Indiana.

NOTE.—The General Assembly, shall provide, at stated times certainly, and at any other time in their discretion, may provide for submitting to the people the question "shall there be a convention to revise the constitution and amend the same."—*Constitution of* 1857, *Art.* 10.

15. *Louisiana*—Mode of amending the constitution of this State substantially the same as that of Iowa.—*Constitution of* 1864, *Art.* 12.

16. *Michigan.*—The legislature, at any time in its discretion, may by law submit the question of revising the constitution to the electors of the State, and if a majority desire it a convention shall assemble.—*Constitution of* 1850, *Art.* 20.

17. *Nevada.*—A majority of the members of each house may, at any time, submit any proposed amendment of the constitution to the vote of the electors and a majority of them shall determine the question of adoption.—*Constitution of* 1860, *Art.* 16.

NOTE.—In several of the State constitutions where provision is made for a particular mode for submitting a single item of amendment, no provision is made for the assembling of a convention. Is it possible that there is no power in the State to call a convention?

Important to Tobacconists.

Under the provisions of the act of July 20th, 1870, all articles seized for violations of the same, when sold by a United States Marshal by order of the court, must be sold subject to the tax thereon. It oftentimes occurs that tobacco so seized and forfeited decreases in value by reason of the action of the weather, and when offered for sale will not command the amount of the tax thereon.

The question has recently arisen whether the marshal might not, under these circumstances, affix the proper stamp and obtain credit for the difference between the amount bid for the tobacco and the value of the stamps.

The First Comptroller, to whom the question was referred, has decided there is no legal authority for such allowance, and that consequently the tobacco must either be destroyed or remain in the custody of the internal revenue or the court officers.

Florida produces tomatoes which weigh two pounds each.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE that the radicals conceal the fact that the Constitution, if revised and altered by the Convention, *must be submitted to the people for ratification*, and can be voted down by the people if they do not like it.

Look to the Homestead.

"Every homestead, and the dwellings and buildings used therewith, not exceeding in value one thousand dollars, to be selected by the owner thereof, or in lieu thereof, at the option of the owner, any lot in a city, town or village, with the dwelling and buildings thereon, owned and occupied by any resident of the State, and not exceeding the value of one thousand dollars, shall be exempt from sale under execution, or other final process, obtained on any debt. *But no property shall be exempt from sale* FOR TAXES, *or for the payment of obligations contracted for the purchase of said premises.*—CONSTITUTION, sec. 2, art X.

The General Assembly SHALL, by appropriate legislation, and by adequate taxation, provide for the *prompt and regular* payment of the interest on the public debt, and, after the year 1880, it SHALL lay a specific annual tax upon the real and personal property of the State, and the sum thus realized shall be set apart as a sinking fund, to be devoted to payment of the public DEBT.—Sec. 4, Art. V, Constitution.

The act providing for calling a Convention, wisely provides that it, if called, SHALL NOT HAVE POWER TO INTERFERE WITH THE HOMESTEAD PROVISION OF THE PRESENT CONSTITUTION, nor with the political and civil rights of the colored people, nor with the provision for a MECHANIC'S and LABORER'S LIEN.

This expression in favor of the colored people ought to satisfy them that there is no purpose to disturb their rights, but it may be as well for them to understand, if they do not, that their political and civil rights are established by the Constitution of the United States, and the proposed Convention would have no power to disturb them.

There can be no reasonable objections to a laborer's Lien—he is entitled to it upon every principle of good government as well as the spirit of the scriptural maxim, "the laborer is worthy of his hire."

The propriety and necessity of a "homestead" for every family in the land, is rapidly becoming the settled policy of the American people as well as the people of this State. It is wise, just, humane, and rests not only on these grounds, but on the further ground of public policy. The State and society have a direct interest in the proper rearing and culture of every child within its borders; it is a matter of high moment that every child shall have a home, to the end he may not become a wanderer, a beggar, and often a vagabond and criminal. Every family should have a HOME—it gives dignity and fixedness to citizenship, and stimulates parents and children to honest and honorable efforts to educate, elevate and fit themselves for society. This humane policy has the sanction of the great mass of the people, and it is fixed not only in the Constitution, but by a solemn decision of our supreme court, which is binding as a high judicial precedent on all further courts and judges. —*Address of Central Democratic Conservative Committee.*

Read! Read!! Read!!!

COST OF CONVENTION.

121 members ot $5 per diem,	$605.00
President, Clerks, &c.,	25.00
Making each day,	$630.00
For 30 days,	$18,900.00
Add for printing contingencies,	10,000.00
Making total cost,	29,530.00

Or about two and a half cents on each hundred dollars worth of property in the State or twenty-five cents per thousand dollars worth of property!!!

WHAT WILL THE CONVENTION SAVE?

By reducing number of Judges from seventeen, at $2,500 each per annum, to eleven Judges, at $2,000, each, and we save, $20,000.

Save by reducing Governor's, Treasurer's, and other salaries, 5,000.

Save each year by this, $25,000.

By requiring the General Assembly to meet biennially instead of annually, and we save, each year, about $80,000.

By abolishing provisions for requiring census to be taken in 1875 and save $80-000 to $90,000.

Limit the time of sitting of the Legislature and fixing per diem and save at least, $60,000.

Abolishing Townships, which cost about $200 to $300 per township, in each county or about $2,000 per county each year, $180,000.

This Convention will relieve us of a tax of about $200,000 or $250,000; or about twenty cents on the one hundred dollars of property each year, and it will cost us but 2½ or 3 cents on the one hundred dollars of property!

Let the sovereign people of the State say whether or not they will expend three cents, and save 20 to 25 cents each year on every $100 of property.—*Asheville Citizen.*

The Raleigh *Sentinel* says: From every section of the State the most cheering intelligence reaches us of the progress of the Convention sentiment. Eastern North Carolina will roll up heavy gains, so too, will the northeastern counties. Beyond the "Ridge" there is not decent opposition to the measure. From the northwestern counties an intelligent gentleman who has been traveling through them reports that the people are almost a unit on the matter. To the south, southeast and southwest all looks bright and hopeful, and of the centre there is no doubt. Roll on the ball. Low taxes and a North Carolina Constitution.

A violent storm visited New York on Sunday last, in which a bell weighing 6,-000 pounds was blown from a steeple one hundred and thirty feet high. A falling tree crushed a carriage on 5th Avenue; a yacht was capsized in the bay, drowning a man and child; a brig was struck by lightning; the streets were flooded and many chimneys blown down.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.—Every vote given against Convention is a vote instructing the members of the Assembly to levy the ruinous tax required to pay the interest upon the dishonest debt of the State.

New York Tobacco Market.

The following from the New York *Tobacco Leaf* of the 12th inst., will be pleasant reading to those of our tobacco growers who still have their crop on hand:

Virginia Leaf.—The same story comes to us from Richmond that we have been compelled to record for several weeks past, viz: an advancing market. This rise seems to have been occasioned by an actual scarcity of certain grades, and is thus not a purely speculative advance. Of course there will always be a certain amount of speculation in every rise in prices, but there is a wide difference between an advance based on an artificially created scarcity, and one produced on a condition of the market that actually exists. Of the latter character seems to be the upward movement that has been progressing in Virginia, with daily ... actions, ever since the unwelcome truth forced itself upon the minds of dealers and buyers, that in really fine grades of serviceable tobacco, the vaunted 1871 crop was wonderfully deficient. This fact, many of the trade have been slow to admit, and we find to-day that several of our local manufacturers are attempting to evade the figures asked in their market by ordering directly from the Richmond and other Virginia "breaks." They will find, however, that prices everywhere have really advanced on desirable grades, and that the upward movement has not apparently yet reached its limit. And not only does the scarcity exist in the case of high-priced bright wrappers, but shipping leaf and black wrappers command steep figures, the latter selling as high as 11½c to 15c. Dark fillers are also in demand at good prices. The buyers for the French contract complain loudly of this state of things, and the manufacturers say they do not get a chance to buy the leaf they need at anything like reasonable figures. As to the growing crop, we learn that the breadth of land planted this year falls considerably short of that devoted to the weed last season, owing partly to the scarcity of plants, but that the prospect generally is a very fair one. What the trade needs is not that the crop shall be extraordinarily large, but that it shall be good. We have just seen how little the enormous yield of last summer has done for us in the way of keeping prices down to a moderate standard, and we would exhort planters generally to turn their attention to making *good tobacco*, rather than to produce a large quantity with but little regard to the quality.

They have no Plan.

Those who oppose Convention, who are advocates for a continuance of the present Constitution, which is a mortgage upon all the property of the State to pay about *thirty-five millions of dollars*, not more than *one-third* of which was ever used for the benefit of the people—have offered no plan, nor can they, for relieving the people in their distress and ruin! These hardhearted oppressors, secure in their official stations and high salaries, care nothing for the laboring masses who have to pay heavy taxes, which goes to support *them*, nor do they regard that ruin which will overtake the people by taxation to pay a bogus State debt.

Cannot even the *blind*, see that those men who oppose Convention and a change in the Constitution, which only can afford relief, care not a cent for the welfare of the people. They profess to have conscientious scruples, which they offer as an excuse for opposition, but they have no conscience for the oppressed taxpayer.

Fellow-citizens of North Carolina! Are you willing to be robbed, and your family reduced to beggary! More horrible—are you willing to aid in this robbery of yourselves and families, by voting against Convention. We will not believe it. Vote "Convention," and your wives and little children will bless you.—*American.*

Trying to Frighten the People.

The radical press of the people are endeavoring to frighten the ignorant classes into the belief that the attempt to change the Constitution of the State is a revolutionary measure, and will bring about another war. The office-holder's organ at Raleigh, the *Era*, published by the office-holders of the State, appealing to this class says: "If you do not vote against Convention you may again be forced to shoulder your musket and march into the tented field to fight through another war, waged for the benefit of office-seekers." We wonder if the *Era* man succeeds in cramming this down any one's throat? The only party who has any desire to fight, we imagine, are the present office-holders, who are fearful of being kicked out of the places which they have disgraced with their polluted carcasses—and they have grown too fat and sleek to fight much; it is only a scare-crow they are holding up to frighten the timid. The honest, constitution-loving people of the State have no desire to fight—they became heartily tired of fighting six years ago; they are as peaceful as lambs and as harmless as doves, only desiring to correct evils which ungodly politicians and scheming men put upon us. There is no danger ahead, the skies grow brighter every day—the Convention will be called, that body will convene, will be composed of many of the best men of the State, and the affairs of our State will be regulated in a quiet and easy manner; nothing will be done to court Federal interference, and those who have doubly damned the State will see peace and order reign supreme. Isn't this a better and more probable picture than the *Era* man has drawn?—*Roanoke News.*

The rascally boys of Chicago make money by imitating the unearthly yowling of a cat under the windows of nervous people at night, and selling the boots, bootjacks and other articles that are thrown at them by the enraged occupants of the house.

MARK IT.—The Democratic-Conservative party are pledged to maintain the homestead and the laborers and mechanics' lien.

AND MARK IT.—The radicals, if they can, will defeat Convention and cause the homestead to be sold for taxes to pay dishonest debts.

STATE ITEMS.

The Supreme Court has revised decisions in the following cases: Henry Brinkly *vs.* Geo. Swicegood, from Davidson. No error. Judgment affirmed.

W. S. Fountain *vs.* Westbrook & Albright, from Guilford. Error—Judgment reversed, and a *venire de novo*.

Samuel Smith and wife et al. *vs.* J. B. and J. W. Taylor, executors, et al. from Guilford. Judgment affirmed. Report to be reformed.

Wilson Kornegay, a colored boy aged 9 years, threw a cockle shell at another lad, a few days since, in Newbern, in retaliation for some disparaging remark uttered by the latter. The shell struck an infant, fracturing its skull, and producing its death. Judge Clark, upon hearing the case, dismissed the young homicide from custody, because he was of tender years and he had no doubt the killing was unintentional.

Some rascal stole a whole boat-load of watermelons at Newbern on Monday night of last week, sold the melons and then turned the boat adrift.

Gov. Caldwell has furnished the citizens of Robeson county with one hundred Springfield rifles, and two thousand rounds of cartridges to defend themselves against the outlaws who infest the swamps of that afflicted county.

The Raleigh *Sentinel* says that the injunction prayed for and granted by Judge Rodman against the sale or lease of the North Carolina Railroad to the Pennsylvania Central has been withdrawn.

Wm. T. Bunett has been nominated by the Conservatives of New Hanover for the seat in the Legislature recently resigned by Geo. Z. French, Republican.

Dr. Wm H. Hall, formerly of Wilmington, says the *Journal*, has been appointed one of the attending physicians of the New York State Hospital for diseases of the Nervous System.

GENERAL NEWS.

Gold deposits as rich as those of California or Australia have been found in Sonora, Mexico, and are attracting thousands of miners.

Gen. Benj. F. Butler, has announced himself as a candidate for the Governorship of Massachusetts, but the Boston papers have given him a decided cold shoulder. No Butler for them, thank you.

The revised census tables of the population of the United States and organized territories, give the following result: Whites, 33,581,680; colored, 4,879,323; Indians, 25,733; Chinese, 63,196; Japanese, 55.—Total, 38,549,987.

The postmaster at Jacksonville, Florida, is charged with being a defaulter to the amount of $14,000, and one of his clerks has been arrested for robbing the mails. The postmaster is a son of Gov. Reed of Florida, the present patron and protector of Littlefield, who swindled our State of so many millions of dollars.

Gold mines have been discovered in Monroe county, Tennessee, and Gen. Vaughn calls for one hundred hands to work them.

Ely S. Parker, Chief of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, at Washington City has resigned, because, as he alleges, Congress had shorn the office of its importance. President Grant has accepted the resignation; and now has another fat sinecure at his disposal ready for any man of influence who will work to secure his re-nomination.

There was a fearful tornado at Vineland, New Jersey, on the 17th inst. The Episcopal Church, two Railroad depots, and several houses, were prostrated and destroyed. No lives lost.

It is officially announced that the Asiatic cholera has appeared at several places in Poland. It is on its westward march.

The bottom recently fell out of the Canal at Wilkesbarre, Penna., and the water rushed into the mines which were below. Fortunately the miners were absent at the time, it being a holiday, and no one was injured.

The Russian army is composed of 39,083 officers and 1,173,879 men, when on its war footing, and this could be increased to over 2,000,000 men in a very short time.

A hurricane swept through St. Joseph, Missouri, on the 14th inst. Four or five persons were killed by lightning and falling trees, and many others hurt. Loss estimated at $200,000.

Juarez has been re-elected President of Mexico, by virtue of the military terrorism which he maintained in some of the States, but it is believed that a majority of the members elect to the Mexican Congress are opposed to him.

Tax-collectors in Missouri have seized thirteen Iron Mountain railroad engines, a lot of lumber belonging to the marine and dry dock company, and the property of the North Missouri Railroad, for non-payment of taxes.

The Radical Ku-klux are operating in Pickens county, Ga. A colored Conservative named Andy Gwin had his house burned recently, and two other colored conservatives were badly beaten at the same time. The Radical Deputy Sheriff of the county was the leader of the Ku-kluxes.

The consumption of artificial flowers of all kinds, in the United States, amounts to $15,000,000 worth annually.

The cost of the 54,435 miles of railroad now in operation in this country is represented by a capital of $2,573,526,109.

Out of a population of 40,937 in Lowell, Mass., 14,898 are employed in its manufacturing industries.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1871.

GEO. WALTER SITES,--EDITOR.

Convention Election,

First Thursday in August.

FOR CONVENTION,

T. H. PEGRAM.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

T. H. PEGRAM, Candidate for Convention, and Dr. W. H. WHEELER, Candidate against Convention, will address their fellow-citizens at the following times and places:

Lewisville,	Friday,	" 28th.
Stafford's,	Saturday,	" 29th.
Old Town,	Monday,	" 31st.
John Hasten's,	Tuesday, Aug.	1st.
Kernersville,	Wednesday,	" 2d.
Winston, (at night.)	Wednesday,	" 2d.

Mass Meetings & Barbecues In Davidson County.

THE friends of Convention, and of the candidates for Convention, in Davidson County, will give free barbecues at the following times and places, viz:

At Healing Springs, Monday July 31st.
At Midway Church, Tuesday Aug. 1st.
At Lexington, Wednesday August 2nd.

All persons of *all parties and colors* are invited to attend and participate. Rally! friends of LAW, PEACE, LOW TAXES, AND GOOD CHEAP GOVERNMENT. Speeches will be made by Gen. J. M. LEACH, Col. J. I. SCALES, the Candidates for Convention, and others.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The friends of a Convention of the people take pleasure in announcing that the

Hon. THOMAS J. JARVIS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives, has consented to address the people at the following times and places:

Statesville,	Saturday,	" 29th.
Thomasville,	Monday,	" 31st.
High Point,	Tuesday, Aug.	1st.

Hon. JAS. M. LEACH,

has been requested, and is expected to be at a portion of these appointments, especially those in his Congressional District.

Other distinguished speakers may be expected at them all.

We make a final and earnest appeal to our friends, in every township, to come out this election, and help save the State. The opposition intend to bring out the deaf, the dumb, the halt, the blind, and we believe that, if they get a chance, they will vote a few dead men. Such things have been, and may be again. But if our friends will give just one day to the public interests, all the tricks of the office-holders will come to naught. The county of Forsyth is ours by a handsome majority if we can only induce our people to go to the polls, and the knowledge of this fact is causing the office-holders to tremble in their shoes. Last year, scores of our friends staid away from the polls, under the pleasant delusion that we would carry the county anyhow, and the result was that we lost it by 27 votes. After the result was announced these too confident gentlemen lamented that they had not voted, but their lamentations did no good. This mistake must not occur again. Let every friend of Convention first vote himself, and then see that his neighbor votes right. There is not a single man who cannot do something for the cause, if he will only try. The citizen who refrains from voting is, unconsciously perhaps, but effectually aiding the office-holders in fastening their chains more firmly upon the people, as much so, as the man who votes "No Convention."

☞ Look out for bogus proclamations, despatches, &c., just before the day of election. The office-holders are getting them ready to spring upon the people just in the nick of time. They will be fixed up in every specious way, and, as the detectors say of counterfeit money, "well calculated to deceive." There will be rumors of soldiers being sent to the State, and all possible manoeuvres will be resorted to, in order to excite the fears of the people, and either induce them to vote "No Convention," or else keep away from the polls. Spurn all these devices of the office-holders and show them by your votes that you are freemen.

As our County Commissioners have managed to make such a one-sided thing of it in appointing judges or inspectors of elections, it becomes the duty of the Convention men to have challengers posted at every precinct, and keep a strict watch upon the polls. It will be our own fault if we are choused out of this election, as we were last year. Our challengers should be men who are well-posted all over their respective townships, and they must remember that certificates of registration are now illegal, and cannot be received at the polls. Remember, also, that no one is allowed to register and vote in any other precinct than the one in which he is an actual and *bone fide* resident.

Do not forget that when the Convention Act was before the Legislature, the Radical members of that body, although they admitted the necessity for a Convention, and that the people would be ruined unless the Constitution was changed so as to avoid the requirements in regard to levying tax to pay the interest on the public debt, yet they agreed in caucus to vote dead against the Convention Act, *for fear a Convention would injure their party.*

This disgraceful exposure was made by L. J. Moore, the Republican Senator from Craven County, who was in that caucus, and who obeyed its decision by voting against the Convention Act in the Senate. Mr. Moore has since reponted of his vote, and is now urging the people of his section, by all they hold dear, to vote *for* Convention. He says, Republican as he is, that it is our only salvation.

Read the announcement, at the head of our columns, of the free barbecues and mass meetings in Davidson county on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next.

"There is no working man that will go for Convention.—*Raleigh Telegram.*"

What do *you* say to that sweeping assertion, honest and hard-fisted toilers of Forsyth and Davidson, and Davie, and Yadkin, and Stokes and Surry? No working man who will go for Convention! Has the reconcilement of the principles of the old secession Democracy which is now forever dead, and those of the new-fangled radicalism, which is dying in agony—a reconcilement which the *Telegram* has bunglingly attempted—turned the brain of our cotemporary? Why, it is the working men of this section who constitute the vast majority of those who are going for Convention. The men whose hands are brown with honest toil, and whose sweat falls daily in the effort to win from the stubborn soil the bread with which to feed themselves, their wives and their little ones. The bondholders, who sit back in their cushioned chairs, and exact usurious interest for their money, and the office-holders who absorb big salaries, commissions and fees, are not going for Convention—far from it—but the working men who pay full interest on a dollar, when they receive only ten cents on that dollar (that is all we got out of the railroad bond swindle) and who also pay these enormous salaries, commissions and fees, are tired of such business, and next Thursday they intend to go to the polls like freemen as they are, and let their oppressors know it.

The threat made by the office-holders that, should a Convention be called, it will not be recognized by Governor Caldwell and the Judges of the Supreme Court and that these high officers will defy its acts, is too ridiculous to deserve a serious notice. These officials have not forgotten the fate of ex-Gov. Holden, and they know very well that if they should attempt to set aside, thwart, or defy the will of the sovereign people, lawfully expressed through the ballot-box, they will be guilty of an impeachable crime, and the Legislature which assembles next winter will not be slow to take action upon it. They know very well that even if some of them should lose their offices by the retrenching acts of the Convention, they will not be debarred from accepting or holding office in the future; and they are also cognizant of the fact that if they should happen to be impeached and convicted, as they would be certain to be, then they would forever after be disqualified from holding office. All this talk about what Gov. Caldwell, and the Supreme Court Judges will do, is the sheerest nonsense. They are not fools, and they are not going to stick their heads in the lion's mouth for the short-lived gratification of a few of their brawling understrappers. There will be no opposition from any quarter to the Convention, if the people decide that it shall be held, and this the office-holders know as well as we do.

The vast importance of the Convention question has almost overshadowed the township elections. They come off on the same day, and it is the duty, as well as the interest of our friends to bring out the very best men for these offices—men of intelligence, capacity and worthy of confidence. Should a Convention be called this whole township system will be abolished without doubt, but so long as it is in existence, let the offices, petty as they are, be filled by good men. By this means, the grievous evils of the system may be materially ameliorated.

Remember that the Raleigh *Telegram*, which is hand-in-glove with the office-holders in their opposition to the Convention, denies that the colored man has any right to vote, and finding itself upon still adhearing to the principles which brought about secession and war. The same principles which brought about the sad disasters of the late conflict may do it again, unless the people signally rebuke the presses which cling to them, and which omit no opportunity to thrust them before the public. Do not trust the *Telegram*, either in its old Bourbon proclivities, or in its curious "No Convention" gyrations, but vote FOR Convention as you are advised to do by such well-known Union men as Hon. B. F. Moore, Judge Merriman, Judge Warren, Senator Love, and a host of others whose names flash like beacon lights over the political sea of North Carolina.

☞ Let the poll-holders bear in mind that there must be six boxes at this election. One for the Convention and No Convention tickets; one for the candidates for delegate to Convention; one for Justices of the Peace; one for township clerk; one for township constable; and one for School Committee. One set of inspectors have charge of the first two boxes and another set of inspectors have charge of the other four boxes.

Our intelligence from Davidson county is getting more favorable day by day. A friend writes us that Lowe and Hargrave will beat Walser and Brown about 500 votes. He says: "we are putting things through here for certain. Walser and Brown have been driven to the wall.—They have the 'dry grins' terribly. The faces of the office-holders are longer than usual, and they seem to feel that their day has departed."

The Rutherford *Star* has a very characteristic article upon Hon. Thos. J. Jarvis, and the speech recently delivered by that gentleman in Rutherfordton. As is usual with Jo. Carpenter's editorials, this article is more about Jo. Turner and the Ku Klux than anything else. If Carpenter was to sit down and attempt to write an article on any subject whatever, political, metaphysical, theological, scientific or literary, he would be sure to have Ku Klux running through it as a sort of back bone upon which to hinge his diseased ideas.

The office-holders are trying to make the people believe that the Convention, if called, will not submit amendments to the Constitution, made by it, to the people, when the very act under which the people propose to call the Convention, expressly provides "that said Convention may revise the Constitution of the State, embodying in it such alterations and amendments as may be agreed upon, not incompatible with the provisions of this act; *but no such revised Constitution shall have any force or validity until the same shall have been ratified by a majority of the qualified voters of the State.*"

It is very plain, therefore, that no matter what amendments the Convention may make to the Constitution, not one single amendment can go into effect until the people shall have declared at the ballot-box, whether *they*, the sovereign power, are satisfied with it or not. If they are satisfied with it, they will vote for its ratification, but if they are not satisfied with it, they will vote for its rejection.

Be it distinctly understood that the Convention is not a finality; it can only propose to the people an altered and amended Constitution, and the action of the people upon that Constitution will be a finality.

Hon. A. M. Waddell, member of Congress from the 3rd District of North Carolina, has just published a letter in which he ridicules the idea that the President, or Congress, or anybody else, will interfere with our Convention, should the people decide to call it. He says it has been the policy of the radical leaders at every election to attempt to frighten the people with intimations of this kind, and as for Senator Pool, who is foremost in the endeavor to intimidate the people of this State, he has more influence in the immediate neighborhood of his home than at Washington city. Mr. Waddell goes on to say:

"The people should not be scared. The condtion of affairs in North Carolina is a matter of supreme indifference to the President and his friends, except that they would like to see the Radical party in power here so as to secure the electoral vote of the State in the next Presidential election. They will not prohibit the people from holding an election for Convention nor disturb the Convention when it meets. *They know such action would insure the election of a Democratic President in 1872.*"

The Convention cannot cost over $25,000 or $30,000 at the very farthest limit, yet the men who are now rolling up their eyes and groaning in hypocritical horror over this petty, but necessary expense, are the very men who applauded when Holden, Littlefield & Co., were robbing the State day in and day out, and adding twenty millions of dollars to the public debt for our people to be taxed to pay.—O! ye generation of vipers, the time has come for your fangs to be drawn.

To prove that there is something of an affiliation between the radical anti-Conventionists in that section, and the Robeson county gang of outlaws, the Wilmington *Journal* says that Nathaniel McLean, one of the anti-Convention candidates in Robeson county, *refused to sign* a petition to the Governor of the State, asking for arms and ammunition for the people in the campaign against the gang!

Keep it before the people that the Constitution REQUIRES the Legislature to provide for the PROMPT and REGULAR payment of the interest on the public debt. No property, not even the Homestead, is exempt *from sale* FOR TAXES by constitutional provisions. Unless relief comes through a Convention, the tax in 1872 will amount to FIFTY DOLLARS ON EVERY THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF PROPERTY. How many Homesteads would withstand this tax? Let the people answer at the ballot-box.

Every voter must have resided one year in the State, and ten days immediately preceding the election in the township where he offers to vote. He can register on the day of election if he shall not have already registered, and, bear in mind, that voters can be challenged at the polls, no matter when they may have registered.

Keep a strict eye upon the registration lists, and upon every one who offers to vote, so that in this election the purity of the ballot box may be preserved.

Nearly every leading man in North Carolina who is opposing the right of the sovereign people to call a Convention to amend their organic law, is an office-holder; and he battles against the Convention with the energy of despair, for he knows that if it is called, the days of high salaries, big commissions and enormous fees are forever over in North Carolina.

Remember that the present Legislature posponed laying the tax to pay the interest on the public debt, until after the people voted on the Convention question, hoping that the Convention would be called and amend the Constitution so as to relieve them from the obligation to lay that tax. Remember that every vote cast against Convention is an instruction to the General Assembly to levy the tax. You have now a chance to relieve yourselves of a tax of two and a half millions of dollars a year—see Holden's Message to the Legislature—and for goodness sake. don't let office-holders who are interested in the levying and collecting of this tax, induce you to cut your own throats by voting against Convention.

Is it not a pitiful thing to hear the office-holders inveighing against the probable cost of the proposed Convention, when *every month* they are drawing from the people in salaries, fees, perquisites and "pickings," four times as much as the Convention can cost even at its most liberal estimate?

FALSE CIRCULARS.

Agents of the office-holders are disseminating a circular which, from its type, looks as if it had emanated from the office of the *Telegram* in Raleigh, and which is full of misrepresentations. A copy has just been placed in our hands by a friend. The letter of John Pool is unworthy of belief; he is contradicted by the *sworn testimony* of one of his own party friends, Mr. Richard C. Badger; the report of Jeff. Davis' speech is bogus, and has been so pronounced by Mr. Davis himself; the article on the cost of impeachment is untrue, as we have explained in another part of our paper; the letter of Chief Justice Pearson to the Governor is *not* an official decision, besides which it is a studied political attempt to deliver an opinion on *his own case*, which no Judge has a right to do; the report of the interview with Toombs is a sensational sketch taken from a New York paper, and for which the writer probably received his traditional penny-a-line—pretty dear for such a mess of nonsense. We tell our readers to BEWARE of these circulars and documents. The devil is never so busy as when he begins to see that he is losing ground in a community. He is losing ground in North Carolina, and hence he is stirring up his children to distribute circulars and extras full of pure inventions, gross perversions, and unparallelled misrepresentations.

Mr. Starbuck's Convention.

The office-holder's organ in Raleigh, edited by a gentleman who helped carry the State out of the Union, contains nearly two columns of what purports to be the proceedings of the "Forsyth County Republican Convention," held in Winston on the 15th inst. This title is all wrong, and is merely an effort to dignify that which had no dignity in itself. It ought to have been called the "Forsyth County Office Holder's Convention," for all who were the prime movers of it, and nearly all whose names are mentioned in the proceedings are office-holders. It furthermore claims to have been "a large and enthusiastic" Convention, when not more than one hundred and fifty were present altogether, and half of these were Convention men attracted by curiosity to see what the office-holders were doing. We verily believe that if a vote of the house had been taken, Convention would have carried right in the midst of its opponents. Of course, District Attorney Starbuck was Chief Engineer of the affair; District Attorney Starbuck had settled upon the nominee or rather, the "victim;" District Attorney Starbuck proposed him in Committee, and, like so many Chinese mandarins, they all bobbed their heads and said "yea;" District Attorney Starbuck announced the nominee to the "Convention;" District Attorney Starbuck had proposed the resolutions; District Attorney Starbuck read the resolutions; District Attorney Starbuck made a speech, stood on his tip-toes, and bored many a gimlet-hole in the atmosphere with his fore-finger; in fact, District Attorney Starbuck managed the whole concern, and we are only surprised that when District Attorney Starbuck's Convention broke up, three cheers were not given for District Attorney Starbuck. Goodness knows, he was entitled to them.

The people understand District Attorney Starbuck, and his fellow office-holders, and intend to be humbugged by them no longer. They are determined not to give *him* a chance to buy up their property and Homesteads for a mere song when the Sheriff comes down upon them for taxes. They will vote "Convention," and do away with this threatening danger.

When the present Constitution was submitted to the people for ratification, Sheriff Masten and all the other office-holders urged the people to vote for it, notwithstanding its palpable defects, in order, as they said, that we might get back into the Union without any more trouble, and that once accomplished, they would, every one of them, help us to call a Convention at the first opportunity to amend and alter the Constitution to suit our needs. These very office holders now laugh at the promises they then made, and mock the people whom they deceived. Although they admit that the Constitution contains provisions which cannot be carried out without involving the people in wide-spread ruin, they bitterly oppose a Convention to amend the Constitution, merely because they are afraid they will lose their offices. These men are not the friends of the people, for they care for themselves only.—Why will the people be deceived any longer?

Edward Conigland, Esq., who is acknowledged by the *Old North State*, and other anti-Convention journals, to be one of the best legal minds in North Carolina, is a candidate *for* the Convention in Halifax county, and in a published letter says: "Should the call of a Convention be defeated by the popular vote, I could not but regard the result as little less, in its moral effect, than *a great public calamity*. I am, therefore, endeavoring to discharge the duty which devolves on me as a citizen, by canvassing my own county for the measure, to the extent of my ability."

Mr. Conigland was one of the learned legal gentlemen who defended Gov. Holden in the impeachment trial, and he did his duty on that occasion like a man.

Read carefully the interesting and important articles on our first page. Among a variety of other articles, you will see that many other States have amended their State Constitutions exactly in the same way that North Carolina now proporos to do.

New wheat is selling at one dollar a bushel in southern Indiana.

Cost of Holden's Impeachment.

Last fall after a session of sixty days, a majority of the people of North Carolina imperatively demanded the impeachment and removal from office of William W. Holden. His offences had been too glaring to be passed over without punishment. He had been the auxiliary of Littlefield, Swepson, Jones, and that corrupt Ring, in robbing the State of millions. They could not have got a dollar, if W. W. Holden had performed his duty as an honest, upright Chief Magistrate. He had thrown the State into turmoil by his military operations, and put the people to an expense of many thousands of dollars, which in their impoverished condition, they were ill prepared to bear. The people demanded that he be driven from office, for they did not know what further enormous expense he would succeed in saddling upon them. Even many of his old political friends declared that he ought to be impeached, and upon his trial, a number of Republicans voted for his conviction on several articles. Thus much is history.

Now, however, the office-holders are trying to make capital of this impeachment by asserting that it cost over $60,000. Such an assertion is untrue. It cost nothing like that amount. The cost of impeaching and removing W. W. Holden from office was about $21,000 all told, which would be about 2 cents on the head of our population. The way the office-holders got it up to $60,000 is by adding in the pay of members, clerks, doorkeepers, &c., for the forty-four days that the trial lasted; when it is well known that during all that period the Senate did double duty, and *held evening and night sessions to transact its legislative business*, so that impeachment did not lengthen out the session, or add much to the expenses of the Gen. Assembly. Holden tried very hard to take up as much time, and increase the cost as much as possible, for the express purpose of furnishing his friends this very political capital, but the Senate saw through it all, and put a very decided veto upon his manoeuvers.

As we have stated, it cost about $21,000 to get rid of Holden, or two cents for each one of our people, and it was one of the cheapest jobs ever done in North Carolina. During the two and a half years he remained in office he was mainly instrumental in adding some fifteen or twenty millions to our public debt, and in increasing the burdens of the people beyond all former administrations. The people received little or no benefit from all this vast expenditure, but everything was shovelled into the pockets of Holden's favorites, under his very eyes, and he never uttered a word of warning or protest. He saw the robbery going on, and was either silent or apologized for the thieves. This made him an accomplice, and the accomplice is every whit as guilty as he who commits the crime. Had W. W. Holden not been removed, but permitted to remain in office two years longer, there is no telling how much such mistaken lenity would have cost our people. The office-holders had better say as little as possible about the cost of impeachment, for inweighing against that signal act of public justice, they virtually make themselves participants in the crimes for which Holden was convicted and punished.

Remember that if a Convention is not called and the present Constitution amended, the General Assembly will be compelled by virtue of their oaths, to levy a tax to pay the interest on many millions of bonds that were issued to and squandered by swindlers. To collect such a tax would cause the selling out of thousands of Homesteads, and it is for this thing that the office-holders have been striving and plotting. When the Homesteads fall under the hammer for taxes, there will be no one to buy, except the bond-holders and office-holders. If the people are willing to play into the hands of these men, and to pay next year five times the amount of the present tax, they can get their desire by voting against Convention; but if they think with us that the tax will be more than they can pay without having their property sold by the Sheriff, then they must vote for Convention.

In order to vote, the Constitution, Art. VI, Sec. 1, says it requires a residence of twelve months in the State, and thirty days in the county, immediately preceding the election. The law makes an additional provision that it requires ten days residence in the township. Don't forget this. Twelve months in the State, thirty days in the county, and ten days in the township.

Only six more days between now and the election, and in that time our friends ought to work like beavers. Much can be accomplished in six days. Remember that the world and all that is in it, was made in that space of time.

Remember that nearly every man who endorsed Holden and Kirk last year, in their illegal arrests, in torturing prisoners, in trying to produce civil war, and in putting the people of the State to an expense of thousands upon thousands of dollars, is now opposed to a Convention.

The colored men of this county are wondering why the Sheriff did not have any of them on the jury lists the last Court. Perhaps he forgot all about the election that was to come off this summer when the jury lists were made out.

Congressman Waddell says that if the threatening insinuations of a few office-holders shall have the effect of terrifying the people of this State and preventing them from exercising the great privilege of making their own laws, then they are, indeed, to be pitied.

Heavy [illegible]

A friend in Davidson requested us to copy a letter written by Mr. [illegible] November last to one of the members of the General Assembly [illegible] Walser [illegible] tion, and [illegible] what he did eight [illegible] was urging the [illegible] vention "as the [illegible] necessary [illegible] he is abusing [illegible] ed measures [illegible] he then advo[illegible] from which [illegible] letter in its [illegible] tim et literat[illegible]

Yadkin Co[illegible]
Hon. Jacob [illegible]

Dear Sir [illegible] ed on your [illegible] of the mo[illegible] that has [illegible] Certain t[illegible] form & [illegible] legislatu[illegible] Short Se[illegible] of taxat[illegible] Busines[illegible] specifies [illegible] Expect t[illegible] Redeem [illegible] the pled[illegible] defeat [illegible] comes [illegible] to re[illegible] them Remain at the present [illegible] which Legislature does not possess the power to do so by Legislation because the new constitution is the creator of the most of the increased taxes and before you can redeem the pledges that the party made instrument must be Emended by a Convention You have the necessary majority to caul a convention and upless you do it the reform promised cannot note much it seams that deferant opinions is entertained amgst our friends on this point som wish a convention postponed Longer Why so Will that satisfy the people that was promised amediate Relief I think not & if it is proper at any time it is proper now & my opinion is that you shold form a bill calling a convention at the Erliest time & in the same present Every article of the constitution that the convention shall have power to act on and limit its action and its time of session, & pay of members awhile in session

I am opposed to submitting the matter of a convention or no convention to the people the constitution does not require it if that course is pursued the Radicals will carry the entire conleard vote in a mass against it with a number of white votes by telling them that the object of the convention is to enslave the negro or disfranchise them & the poor man but let the Legislature prescribe the following Emendmts or such as in your Wisdom is just—Make the sessions of the Legislature beanually instead of annually dispense with the office of Lieutenant Governor & Elect the Governor for 2 years & make his salary $2500 Reduce the circuit Judges to 8 instead of 12—make the salary as hereto for $1850 Reduce the members of the supreme court to three & make their saleres $2500 Reduce the salaries & fees of all other officers to the Regulation of the Revised code of fifty six abolish county commission and Reestablish the county courts With these former Jurisdiction abolish all other State officers whoes services can be dispensed With without any public inconvenience the homestead had better be undisturbed unless you declare that it shall not be deminished and I give it as my opinion that the bill had better leave the election of Judges and magistrates & all the state officers to the people for you must Recolect a right onest conscended & Exercised by the people is never cherfully surrendered by them I feel certain that no emendmnt of the constitution can be ratifyed by the people that will deprive them of any right of suffrage Such Emendment as I propose & the striking out of the constitution that part that compels your body to that which they cannot do I mean to provide semeannally payments of the interest on the old $17,000,000 debt after the convention adopts it & submits it to the people for its Ratifycation for it certainly should be Ratifyed by the Majority of the voters of the State before it becomes a part of the constitution which can all be done in time to save the expenses of the session of General assembly of 71—In this way you redeem your pledges & save the party in regard of ompeaching the Governor and chief Justice I may defer With you and most of our friends—you Know my opinion of Holden you have heard them often Expressed that I am no friend of his personally or politically & certainly no friend to the course of Judge pearson & I am clearly of the opinion that in Strict Justice to the citizeyeon of the state & Especially the good men Whom have bin so improperly & unlawfully treated & Was the Governor Elected or the Judge by the Legislature I would insist on their impeachment but they have bin Elected by the people & friend Jo Turner impeached them last summer & Brung them before the Grout tribunal on the 4 day of august last & by that Jury convicted them both & in my opinion that judgment had better Remane undisturbed at this time What can you gain by impeaching & Removing holden Caldwell takes his place holding the same opinion of holden so far as I know we have no money to spend at this time by sping out long session & I honestly believe that Holden & his party all wish his impeachment his only chance of future success hangs on that Just leave him to the tender of the people & he is so politically dead that he will never kick.

in regard to the election of Judges & Justices by the people I suppose some will assign as a reson why they should be Elected by the Legislature that our Judges are politicians & unqualified Well that may all be so but suppose the Radical Legislature had made the Election would it not have bin the same or worse certainly it would so

Pleas Right me Erly. please give my Resp. to mr Robbins & Brown.

Very Truly Your Friend
HENRY WALSER.

The Battleboro *Advance* says that of course the office-holders oppose Convention, because, like Judas Iscariot, they hold the bag, and expect to make a good thing of it if Convention doesn't break into their arrangements.

What has become of the Roanoke *News*? We have not seen a copy for about two or three weeks, and it is one of our favorite exchanges.

From the Sheriff.

...ving certificates have been ... the Sheriff with a request to ...ing published Mr. Gourley's ...ir dealing requires that we ...match for Sheriff Masten; ... our own unquestionable ...ch comments as we may ... The certificates of the ...prove the allegations of ...only go to show that the ...hem did not hear the ... by that gentleman.—...ousand citizens of the ...ain particular speech. ...ertificate had better ...n our opinion, for if ... the war-like pro..., what was he do..., and why did he ...procession when ... anybody think ...t to-day head... Convention?"

...mbers of Mid... at Nathan ...t M. Masten ... we do certify ... time make a ...ied upon any ...bellion. But ...man, and op... beginning to ...his influence ... men from ...ady, during ... assist in keeping his county men or any one else from the oppressive act of conscription.

WILLIS MARSHALL,	1st Lieutenant.
W. A. BYRELY,	2nd "
J. B. BODENHAMMER,	3rd "
EDMUND BLUM,	JAMES WHICKER,
ALLEN CREWS,	WILLIAM WALKER,
JOSEPH DAVIS,	GEO. CAMPBELL,
J. H. FRAZIER,	GEO. PARISH,
HARRISON SWAIM,	A. MUSTIN,
JOSEPH CREWS,	R. O. WHICKER,
WILLIAM DAVIS,	R. LINVILLE,
ALEX. WHICKER,	D. G. WALKER,
A. A. TALLY,	IVERSON SMITH.
R. L. TALLY,	

We, the undersigned, citizens of Forsyth county, do certify that M. Masten was a Sheriff before, during and ever since the war. At no time have we ever heard him speak in favor of the war but always heard him speak against the rebellion, and from his acts and words believed him to be a Union man from the commencement to the close of the war.

JOHN BLACKBURN,	C. S. C.
I. G. LASH,	H. K. THOMAS,
J. P. VEST,	BENJ. FRAZIER,
D. H. STARBUCK,	WILLIAM SWAIM.
N. S. COOK,	

I, John Mustin, a soldier of the war of 1812, do certify that I was at Nathan Gurley's at the time Robert Gourley made his war speech. I did not hear M. Masten make a speech. I know that he was a Union man from the commencement of the war to its close and always spoke against the rebellion. He kept the United States flag at his house, and, during the rebellion, I often went to his house to see the flag, that I for years fought under and wept over. JOHN MUSTIN.

A Soldier of 1812.

As to the charge that I marched at the head of a procession of young ladies at Kernersville, I plead guilty. That position was assigned me by the managers of the day. I suppose they thought me worthy of such a position. I accepted it, and if friends Elliots and Deen felt aggrieved, teased and tantalized, it was not my fault, but the fault of those that gave me the position. M. MASTEN.

Forsyth county, N. C., July 25th, 1871.

The *Telegram* seems to be very much exercised about the public printing, and talks so much about it that one is apt to suspect that its opposition to the Convention is partly influenced by jealousy at the better luck of others. One would think from the *Telegram's* sneers, that the public printing is the same mountain that it was under the administration of Holden and Littlefield, when, in fact, our present Legislature has reduced it to reasonable limits, and made it little better than an average sized mole-hill. But the *Telegram* is excusable, for

"—— it is jealousy's peculiar nature
To swell small things to great; nay, out of naught
To conjure much; and then to lose its reason
Amid the hideous phantoms it has formed."

Recollect that Tennessee, the daughter of North Carolina, had an odious Constitution imposed upon her about the close of the war, by political adventurers, military meddlers, and renegades of every possible description, but on January 10th of last year a Constitutional Convention assembled, having been previously called and delegates elected by the people, and that Constitution was abolished. The Statesville *American* says, upon the authority of a prominent lawyer of Tennessee now on a visit to that place, that the people of Tennessee adopted last year the old Constitution of North Carolina almost entire, with a few necessary alterations to suit the charged position of affairs.

We remember very distinctly how, when the people of Tennessee desired to call a Convention, just as we now are trying to do in this State, the office-holders violently opposed it, and threatened that Congress would interfere, besides a great many other dreadful things. But the people of that gallant State are not to be frightened by shadows. They held their Convention, changed their Constitution, routed the office-holders, and Congress did not open its mouth afterwards, for that body well knew that the people of Tennessee had but exercised a sovereign and inalienable right, and one that they would be sustained in by a vast majority of the American people of whatever party.

North Carolina intends to follow the example of Tennessee, and despite the impotent and absurd threats of the office-holders, will change her organic law to suit herself. The whole Union will recognize her right to do so, and will endorse her action.

The Carolina "*Error*," speaking of the canvass in this county, says that "Mr. Pegram, the Convention candidate, was effectually demolished in a joint discussion on Wednesday last (week) by Dr. Wheeler." That's news to us, Forsyth people. The impression here is that the Doctor was the diminished gentleman. Next Thursday will roll a tide that will open the *Error's* eyes, and shut the Doctor's for a good, long time.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL ITEMS.

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED COUNTERFEITING.—On Tuesday of last week, Joseph Hester, of the U. S. secret service, arrested near Tenguetown, the well-known Dr. John L. Johnston, formerly assistant U. S. Assessor, and after whom the government detectives have been looking for some time. Johnston is charged with counterfeiting U. S. tobacco stamps, and some months since a detective was here hunting him, but he managed to elude the vigilance of the officer, and kept out of sight a long while. Suddenly reappearing in the neighborhood of his home, it was noised abroad that he had been to Washington city, seen the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and had everything "fixed." The result shows that this was an error.

Johnston was conveyed to Richmond Va., which place he reached on Thursday of last week, and now remains in the custody of the U. S. Marshal, he being unable to give the amount of bail required by the government. He was arrested under a warrant issued on the 2d of October last by ex-U. S. Commissioner Geo. Chahoon of Virginia, and, singularly enough, Chahoon is now serving out a term in the Virginia penitentiary, having been convicted of forgery.

A MISTAKE.—The Raleigh *Telegram* of the 23rd says:

"We learn from the "Press," that Col. J. W. Covington of Stokes county was brutally assaulted on the highway without cause by a drunken negro a few days since."

Our cotemporary has mistaken us. We did *not* say that Col. Covington had been assaulted by "a drunken negro." The assailant was a white man of notorious antecedents. The colored people of this section—notwithstanding our anti-Convention friend of the *Telegram* says they have no right to vote—are generally peaceable and well disposed towards the whites, and we do not believe there is one in all Stokes county who would raise his hand against so estimable a citizen as Col. Covington. It is true there were two or three colored men in sight when the Colonel was dragged from his horse, and they moved off when called, but it was out of fear of Isom, who, not many months since, badly beat one of their race.

NEW REGULATIONS FOR FRUIT DISTILLATION.—The Washington *Republican* says that the new regulations for the government of distillation of brandy from fruits are now in the hands of the printer. They are more liberal to the distiller than even those of last year, and if the fruit crop is abundant a large quantity of brandy will be made this year by this class of distillation.

We understand that Assistant Assessor Lemly has postponed his surveys until he can hear something in regard to these new regulations.

"YOUR SINS WILL FIND YOU OUT."—If anybody throughout this section of country has ever been silly enough or rascally enough to send on to New York after "queer," or counterfeit money, offered for sale by innumerable circulars from that modern Sodom, they may, in all probability, be interested to know that full lists of names of parties thus sending are being made out by the police authorities of New York for publication. The books, papers and correspondence of these counterfeit money swindlers are now in the hands of the police.

EAST BEND ACADEMY.—We have unavoidably omitted to notice, until now, the fact that this excellent institution would open after the holidays, on the 24th inst—Monday last. Quite a goodly number of students listed for the current session, and an increase is expected as the season advances. Professor Baldwin, the Principal, is one of the most accomplished teachers in these parts, and has made for his Academy an enviable reputation.

NOT SURPRISED.—The Carolina "*Error*" affects to discredit our statement in regard to the recent outrage upon Col. Covington, and wants his hand and seal to it. Our statement was taken down, almost word for word, from Col. Covington's own lips; but we are not surprised at the incredulity of the "*Error*." That paper lives, moves and has its being in a dense atmosphere of misrepresentation, and can no more distinguish the truth when it stumbles upon it, than a bull-bat can distinguish one of Watts' hymns from "Shoo Fly."

ANTHRACITE COAL.—The Danville *Times* learns that anthracite coal of as fine quality as can be found in Pennsylvania has recently been discovered by some miners who were prospecting near Walnut Cove, six miles from Germanton, and it is thought that there are vast deposits between that place and Germanton. Will not some of our friends at Walnut Cove give us further particulars regarding this alleged discovery?

COOL.—The past week has exhibited a pleasant contrast to the previous two or three weeks. The recent storms which passed over the North and West resulted in cooling off our atmosphere wonderfully, and in the mornings we have actually had to think of our thick coats.

FINE FRUIT.—Mr. Geo. Mock, of Waughtown, has presented us with a quantity of very excellent pears grown by him. Mr. Mock is a specialist in pears, and we believe he has some of the best in all this section of country.

Wanted to know—whether, before he held his Convention and nominated Dr. Wheeler, U. S. District Attorney did not approach a well known moderate Conservative, and sound him as to his willingness to accept the office-holder's nomination? Was not Dr. Wheeler a last resort? On your knees, now and confess.

Public Speaking in Winston.

On Wednesday last a large and intelligent audience assembled at the Court House to hear the Hon. T. J. Jarvis discuss the great political issues of the day in North Carolina. Mr. Jarvis is a calm, dispassionate and persuasive speaker, and, while he dealt with stern facts, he will long be remembered by the friends of reform and Constitutional law, as a champion of whom they may well be proud. His remarks fell like hot shell in the office-holder's camp, relying as he did on facts to sustain him in his reasonings, which were convincing and conclusive.

Among other reasons for the necessity of a Convention Mr. Jarvis said, and produced the Auditor's report for the two respective years to sustain his assertion, that the State Government in 1860, cost $1,15[illegible],000, and in 1870 the expenses of the State Government were $6,[illegible]00,000.

When Mr. Jarvis took his seat, Hon. J. M. Leach, was loudly called for and responded in a few of his usually happy remarks. We regret that a chill in the morning prevented the General's giving us the benefit of the many good things we could see he was ready to tell.

Want of space prevents an extended notice of the speeches;—suffice it to say that Wednesday last was a glorious day for Forsyth. Everybody was well pleased, except a few *Rads* who were present; and if our friends will prove active and vigilant on the day of election, their efforts will be crowned with a glorious victory over oppression, fraud and corruption.

ACCIDENT.—While a couple of little sons of Mr. John Potts of Davie, were amusing themselves in their father's yard on Sunday last, the younger of the two ran against the point of an open pocket-knife with which the elder was peeling a peach, and received a severe wound in the side. The stab is a dangerous one, but hopes are entertained that it will not prove fatal.

FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE.—The Winston Council of this order is growing apace. Although it commenced with but eight or nine members, it now has some thirty, and the probability is that in a short while it will have grown to such an extent that "swarming" will take place, and then there will be a Salem Council.

FARMER'S CLUB.—We are pleased to learn that arrangements are being made to organize a *Farmer's Club* in the South-fork settlement, the object being to divise ways and means for the improvement of Agriculture, stock raising, &c.

All persons interested are invited to attend at *Hege & Spaugh's Store*, (Friedberg Post Office) on the first Saturday in August, for the purpose of organizing the Club.

PIC-NIC.—The Pic-Nic of Elm Street Sunday School came off on Thursday last. A large procession of conveyances formed at the school-house on Elm Street and proceeded to the pleasant grounds of Mr. Lee (the old Shepperd place) where all enjoyed themselves during the day.

STATE ITEMS.

On the 15th inst., W. H. Deaver, deputy revenue collector, shot and instantly killed Joseph A. Thompson, a distiller of McDowell county. Deaver had seized Thompson's land for revenue taxes alleged to be due on liquor which had been distilled, and was making proclamation of sale at the Court House door, when Thompson advanced towards him with a pistol in his hand; Deaver then fired, the first shot pierced his breast, and after he had fallen, a second shot took effect in his arm. Thompson was a leading Republican of the county, and had been heard to say that "every time he went to settle with the revenue officers, their claims increased, that he had been badly swindled, and that he would hazard his life rather than longer submit to the gross swindling of the revenue department."

A report of the War Department, states that on the 26th ult., a detachment of the 4th Artillery left Rutherfordton, North Carolina, to assist the deputy Marshal in breaking up illicit distilleries. The result was the arrest of five men, the burning of nine still-houses, and the destruction of five caps, five worms, two stills, and sixty gallons whisky. The squad brought away eighty gallons of whisky.

It is stated that the Cherokee Indians, in Western North Carolina, have filed a claim against the United States government for all the lands lying between the Blue Ridge and the Cumberland mountains, and extending from Bristol south to Chattanooga. The grounds of the claim are that the chiefs did not sign the original treaty of cession.

While the Sheriff's posse in Robeson county was out hunting through the swamps for the outlaws a few nights since, one squad of his forces came across another in the dark, and being unable to distinguish who they were, fired a volley, which wounded two men, but neither of them dangerously.

Boys should be careful how, when, and under what circumstances they bathe in this weather. A youngster at Wilmington indulged too long in a bath several days ago, and upon coming from the water was seized with a congestive chill which produced death shortly afterwards.

On the 13th inst., the Conservatives of Charlotte gave a dinner, in the grounds of the N. C. Military Institute, to the colored Conservatives of that city. Addresses were delivered by prominent gentlemen, and the affair passed off very pleasantly.

On the 19th inst., the citizens of Robeson county succumbed to the threats of the outlaws, and released the women accomplices of that gang of assassins. We have no words to express our indignation at this most shameful and cowardly surrender.

Charles Posner, of Wilmington, has been appointed assistant U. S. Assessor for the 3rd District. Instead of reducing the revenue force in this State, the government has been steadily increasing it.

Wilmington is under the impression that she had a slight shock from an earthquake on the night of the 19th inst.

The Rutherford *Vindicator* says: "The U. S. Commissioners Court has got to be a daily institution, and numbers of our citizens are arrested and brought before it to answer various and sundry charges." The radicals are trying to terrify this county, but every arrest thus made weakens their party.

A lad named Sharpless, living in New Hanover county, was almost instantly killed on the 19th inst., by the accidental discharge of a shot gun, which he was taking down from its peg over the door. The entire load of buckshot passed into his side, near his heart.

The grist-mill, carriage factory &c., of John C. Washington, at Kinston, was entirely destroyed by fire on Monday night of last week. Loss estimated at $10,000, upon which there was no insurance. Origin of the fire unknown.

Jim Coppedge, who was to have been hung at Wadesboro, on Friday last, for the murder of Mr. J. W. Redfearn, was respited by the Governor. The other two wretched criminals were executed.

A Federal soldier named Davis, sent to the Penitentiary for five years, from Edgecombe county, for an outrage on a colored woman, has managed to effect his escape from that institution.

John F. Pickerell was arrested in New York city on Friday last, and sent on to this State, where he is charged with conspiring to defraud the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad Company.

Dr. John McDonald, of Washington county, was thrown from his buggy one evening last week, and both bones of his right leg broken.

There is a colored woman living in Martin county, who is 108 years old, yet is in possession of all her faculties, and walks about with ease.

During a recent storm in Franklin county, Miss Arceno Swanson, aged about 15 years, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

GENERAL NEWS.

Great Earthquake.

A CARNIVAL OF DEATH—A DESERT ISLAND.

London, July 25.—The *Standard* of this morning has advices giving details of a series of terrible earthquakes which recently occurred in one of the Phillipine Islands. More than two hundred persons were swallowed up by the convulsions, and sixty bodies had been recovered when the shock became so violent that the rest of the inhabitants fled from the scene of disaster. The island is entirely depopulated.

The United States arsenal at the navy yard at Washington city was destroyed by fire on last Saturday. Loss about two hundred thousand dollars. Spontaneous combustion is supposed to be the cause of the disaster.

All the mail contractors in Arkansas on the lines leading to Little Rock have failed. A special agent of the Post Office Department is now there endeavoring to make special contracts. The people are greatly inconvenienced by the stoppage of the mails.

One of the clerks in the New York post office, John S. Kernan, has been caught robbing letters of their money contents, and has been held in $10,000 bail.

The supply in the coal oil regions of Pennsylvania seems more and more inexhaustible year by year. As one will gives out, another is bored, and new and rich developments are daily announced.

Intelligence from Asia is to the effect that the cholera is making terrible ravages in Persia. This, with the famine in that country, renders the condition of the people deplorable.

Riots occurred last week, at Manuet, on the Erie Railroad, New York, between the Irish and German laborers, in which the Irish were the aggressors. Several of the latter were badly shot, but it is not known how many in all were injured.

A severe earthquake shock, lasting several seconds, was felt throughout the New England States on the morning of the 20th inst. Boston, Portland, Saco, and Beddleford were well shaken; the shock was severe at Brunswick, and at Concord the church bells rang.

Huron county, Ohio, was visited by a disastrous storm on the 16th inst., which destroyed buildings, crops, trees and fences. The damage is roughly estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000.

A dispatch dated 21st inst., says that a violent storm on the coast of Newfoundland and Labrador, destroyed 350 fishing smacks, 23 dwellings, 40 stores, and a million and a half dollars worth of property. Ninety three lives were lost.

THE MARKETS.

SALEM, N. C., July 28, 1871.

Provisions.		*Grain.*	
Bacon,	12½@15	Chop,	2
Lard,	15@00	Bran,	1½
Pork,	0@00	Wheat,	1 40@1 50
Beef,	7@10	Corn,	90@00
Veal,	5@8	" (old)	00@0 00
Mutton,	6@8	Rye,	80@85
Butter,	20@00	Oats,	60@00
Flour,	3¾@4	Peas,	85@90
Eggs,	10	Meal,	2½@3
Beeswax,	25@28	Cucumbers, 5 c. doz.	
Dried Blackberries,	6@7	Green Peaches 50 cts.	

DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

DANVILLE, July 25.

Receipts light, market animated and prices well sustained.

Lugs—Common, Red,	$4 00	to $5 00
" Good working,	5 00	to 8 00
" Good, "	10 00	to 12 00
" Fine, "	12 00	to 20 00
Extra lots higher.		
Leaf—Common Red,	5 00	to 8 00
" Good	7 00	to 10 00
" Good, rich, waxy,	10 00	to 15 00
" Common Bright,	15 00	to 25 00
" Good, "	25 00	to 40 00
" Fine, "	30 00	to 40 00
" Extra fine lots,	50 00	to 100 00

New York, July 26.—Cotton, 20¼ a 00; Flour, 5 60 to 6 40; Corn, 68 a 69; Wheat, 1 45 a 1 48; Gold, 1 12½; Bonds, N. C. old, 46½, new 27.

Baltimore, July 26.—Cotton 20½ a 00 Flour 5 90 a 6 50; Wheat, $1 25 a $1 50; Corn white, 70 a 79, yellow, 69 a 70; Oats, 55 a 56, Bacon, 9½ a 15; Whisky, 96; Lard 11, a 11½

Richmond, July 25.—Wheat, $1 25 a $1 45; Corn 83 a 85; Oats 50; Flour, extra, $0 00 per barrel.

Norfolk, July 25.—Bacon, sides, 10 a 15; Corn 82 a 00. Flour $5 50 a $7 50.

Charlotte, July 24.—Bacon 11½ a 11½ Flour, 4 25 a 4 55; Corn, 85 a 90; Oats, 55 a 60; Wheat, $1 30 a $1 50; Whisky, $0 00 a 0 00.

Fayetteville, July 20.—Bacon 13 a 14; Flour $8 00 a $9 00; Corn $1 15 a $1 20; Oats, 60; Rye, $1 00; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 17½; Whisky, $1 75; Brandy, $1 75.

Petersburg, July 26.—Flour $5 00 a $5 50; Wheat, red, $1 40 a $1 65, white $1 75 a $1 80; Corn, 95 a 100; Bacon, hog rouud 12 a 15; Whisky, $1 15; Brandy $2 00 a $2. 25

DIED,

In Davie County, near Farmington, on the 15th inst., Mrs. MARY BOLES, wife of Mr. B. F. Boles, aged 50 years, 2 months and 24 days.

"Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

At her home in Yadkin County, N. C., on the morning of the 10th inst., Mrs. MARGARET A. GLEN, wife of Tyre Glen, Esq., aged fifty-six years.

This christian lady was gifted by nature, both in mind and heart, in no ordinary degree. She was the daughter of the late Hampton Bynum, Esq., a highly respected gentleman, who gave to his children opportunities of cultivating both head and heart.

While we are fully aware of the high character of the Bynum family, we take pleasure in saying that Mrs. Glen was an ornament to that house; she was a model woman. With a heart full of charity and liberality, she always found it a pleasure to entertain her friends. She was "kind to the stranger within her gate." The poor and destitute were at all times welcomed at her board and fireside. In her neighborhood she did much to comfort the needy, both white and black. They feel their loss, and mourn that she is no more.

As a daughter she was ever dutiful and respectful, a loving and forgiving sister; as a wife she was gentle and affectionate, patient and forbearing. As a mother she was firm and decided, yet most anxious and fervent, ever praying that the grace of God might be shed abroad in the hearts of her entire family as well as her large circle of kindred and friends; and through the mercy of God she lived to see and believe that Divine Grace had been poured into the hearts of her husband and several of her children.—What a comfort to a dying christian! Her friends were many and true, for to know this good woman was to respect and admire her: so true and constant a friend was she, that none could reproach or desert her. In the raising of her children; in the preservation of their health and lives, it does seem that her Heavenly Father had been exceedingly kind and of tender mercy; for, although the mother of eleven children, she for the first time, but seven weeks before her death, was called by her maker to witness her offspring returned to mother earth. This was her second child, Mrs. Mary Low Williams, wife of Mr. Joseph Williams, a most lovely christian woman. This first grief, so heavy and bitter, must have done much towards hastening her death; for what is so overwhelming as the grief of a mother for the death of her child? This sorrow but the better prepared her for her own death, so near at hand. She was ready when the angel came to summon her spirit home "in the twinkling of an eye," She plead for no delay; her lamp was trimmed and burning; and the brightness of its rays lighted her path through the "dark valley of death," to the throne of God.—There was rustling of angels wings, and the angelic hosts of heaven sent forth shouts of joy, unspeakable, at the coming of this redeemed soul.

For more than twenty years Mrs. Glen was a member of the Baptist church at Union Hill, and to-day that little roll-book is shrouded in mourning for the two bright stars so recently stricken from its Galaxy; and as the kind ministers eye runs over his assembled flock, feelings of sorrow stifle his voice and dim his eye. The christian mother, the christian daughter, so recently separated by death, have been united and are now happy in the kingdom of God, awaiting the coming of the dear ones left behind.

Mrs. Glen faithfully and nobly discharged the duties of wife and mother. The attractions of the outer world never led her from the path of duty; although her liberal and generous nature gathered for her much pleasure in the society of her friends. She was the mother at home, the light of the eye and the idol of the heart of every member of her happy family; and since her death how often, how mournfully have those sad hearts said to themselves, "what is home without a mother?" Oh the aching voids of those sad hearts! What a desolation the death of this dear woman has created in that once joyous home. This keen and bitter grief, no human sympathy can temper: In her extreme illness; in the very paroxysm of pain; this christian woman, while the vitality of this life was fast yielding to disease, and the shadows of death gathered upon her brow, "ere the silver cord was loosed, or the bowl broken at the fount," told her children and companion, where alone to look for comfort; where to find the balm to heal their bleeding hearts. So long as speech lasted her fervent prayers ascended to the throne of God for the salvation of her children. She entreated them to remember their creator in the days of their youth." Put your trust in him for he alone can save. There was christian hope and faith blooming into the promised glory of life everlasting. She has been taken from this world of sin and death, to the world above, where sorrow is unknown, and joy is perpetual. The reward of her prayers, her good works, her never dying faith is to inherit the Kingdom of God. A.

July 16, 1871. [Biblical Recorder please copy.

Post Office Directory.

Office hours, Sunday, from 7½ to 8½ A. M. and from 1 to 2, P. M.

Mail Arrangements.

HIGH POINT MAIL.

Arrives daily by 8, A. M. Departs daily at 2, P. M.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL.

Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1½, P. M. Departs Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.

REIDSVILLE MAIL.

Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 3 P. M. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 A. M.

GREENSBORO MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. Departs every Friday, at 6 A. M.

JONESVILLE MAIL.

Arrives every Friday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

JERUSALEM MAIL.

Arrives every Tuesday, by 7, P. M. De parts every Monday at 7, A. M.

WALNUT COVE MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Friday, at 4, P. M.

PANTHER CREEK MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 8, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

WORTH & WORTH,

General Shipping and Commission MERCHANTS,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

D. G. WORTH. B. G. WORTH.

LAND AGENCY.

PARTIES wishing to dispose of Lands or Town property, will please apply by letter or in person to B. & J. BOWBEER.

High Point, N. C., July 28, 1871. 30-3m.

GUN FOR SALE.

A GOOD six shooter Rifle for sale. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

A Few More Left!

A FEW more of those popular Mental Photograph Albums at the BOOKSTORE.

FOUND.

A PAIR OF SILVER MOUNTED SPECTACLES, which the owner can have on application to the undersigned, and paying for this advertisement.

T. F. CRIST.

Salem, N. C. July 28, 1871, 30-tf

An Ounce of Prevention is Better than a Pound of Cure

Horse and Cattle Powders.

A SURE PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE.

AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

Advertised Everywhere.

The Celebrated Liver Regulator

TO BE HAD AT

Zevely's Drug Store.

M. WP. GRAVES, THOS. R. MCDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA,

FOR THE SALE OF

LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 sky-lights. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.

March 3, —9-1.

HAND BOOK

FOR

COUNTY OFFICERS

CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

CALICOES! A Fine lot of latest styles Calico just received at WOMACK'S.

June 9.—23-tf.

GOOD NEWS TO HOUSEKEEPERS

THE cheapest and best method for preserving all kinds of fruit, Vegetables, &c., without cooking, sealing the jars and with or without sugar, is to use the

American Fruit Preserving Powder.

Parties here who used them last season, are much pleased. J. L. FULKERSON, Sole Agent.

Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

THE NEWEST

And Most Improved Styles of

Patent Air-tight Jars,

WITH GLASS COVERS, Porcelain-lined Covers, or Improved METAL COVERS, calculated to please even the most fastidious, will be found at low prices with

June 30th, 1871. J. L. FULKERSON.

BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC COMPOUNDS

SUCH as **Carbolic Disinfecting Soap,** for Washing Horses, Cattle, Pigs, Dogs, &c.

It will positively destroy all insects on Cattle, and cure Mange, Scratches and Sores of all kinds.

Bed Bugs are at once killed, and their nits destroyed by its use.

The Carbolic Plant Protector destroys and prevents Bugs, Flies, Catterpillars, Plant Lice, Black Scab, Turnip and Cabbage Flies, &c., and is very cheap.

The Carbolic Balm Ointment is said to be the best *Family Salve* in the *world*, and only 25 cents a bottle. Call and get a circular.

At J. L. FULKERSON'S.

Salem, N. C., June 9, 1871. 23-tf

Additional Attractions

EVERY WEEK!

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES in everything to be found at PATTERSON & CO'S.

BREM, BROWN & CO.,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

Hardware Dealers.

THE largest Stock of English and American Hardware and Cutlery, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware and Trimmings, Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., to be found in this State.

Orders promptly attended to.

Agents for Buffalo Scales.

June 30, 1871.-26-3t.

THOS. R. PURNELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SALEM, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of Forsyth, Yadkin, Surry, Stokes, Davie and Davidson Counties. Prompt attention given to the collection and settlement of claims in all parts of the State.

June 16, 1871.-24-tf.

Christian Harmony,

CHEAP, by the quantity, at BLUM'S.

Moravian Hymn Books,

IN various styles of binding at the BOOK STORE.

MASON'S IMPROVED

(LATEST PATENT)

PRESERVING JARS,

WITH GLASS COVER AND SCREW RING, avoiding contact with metal or rubber.

Best in the Market.

At ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

Salem, N. C., July 21, 1871.

Patent Air-Tight Fruit Preserving Jars at WOMMACK'S

WINSTON

MALE ACADEMY.

J. W. GOSLIN, A. M., Principal.

The Fall Session of this School will commence on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1st, 1871.

Pupils will be prepared to enter any of the regular College Classes.

TUITION.

Elementary Branches	$11 00
Advanced English,	14 00
Languages and Higher Mathematics	17 00
Contingent Fee,	1 00

Board from $8 00 to $10 00 per month.

27-1m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

How, When and Where to Advertise.

SEE THE ADVERTISERS' GAZETTE.

100 pages; issued Quarterly (new edition **just out**); contains Lists of **all the best Newspapers,** Daily, Weekly, **Religious, Agricultural,** Political, Social; also **Magazines;** also estimates showing **cost of advertising,** and hints, from the **experience of successful advertisers;** mailed to any address for 25 cents. Address **GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,** Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park Row, New York. 30-4w.

H. J. SAYERS,

Dealer in Real Estate,

Franklin, Pa.

Buys and sells improved and unimproved lands anywhere in the United States. 30-4w

AGENTS WANTED for the TRANSMISSION OF LIFE.

COUNSELS ON THE NATURE OF HYGIENE OF THE MASCULINE FUNCTION. By DR. NAPHEYS, author of "*The Physical Life of Woman.*" It relates to *the male sex*; is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rapidly; Sold by subscription only. Exclusive territory. Terms liberal. Price $2. Address for contents, &c., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa. 30-4w

Agents! Read This!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 PER WEEK AND EXPENSES, OR allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & Co., Marshall, Mich. 30-4w.

WANTED. LOOK HERE.

Profitable employment furnished every man willing to work in his own neighborhood; (no lazy persons wanted). Profits over 200 per cent. Enclose $1 for samples and particulars. Sales rapid. 30-4w. JONES & METZGAR, Pittsburg, Pa.

PRIVATE TEACHING.—The undersigned will prepare a young man for any class in college, or teach him a select course in study. 30-4w. FISKE P. BREWER, Chapel Hill, N. C.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salem, N. C. July 1st, 1871.

LADIES' LIST.

Mrs. Eliza T. Atkinson,	Mrs. Nancy E. Martin,
Miss Mary Beckton,	Miss Lizzie Pitts,
Mrs. Chany Bolarjack,	Mrs. Penalions Smith,
" Mary Eliza Davis,	Miss Sarah J. Weavel, 2
" Charrey Merret,	" Ida Woolen.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Tyre Carter,	Gustis Omen,
Charles Clark,	Luther Renolds,
Risdon Charles,	Johney Sullivan,
Edward Dull,	H. W. Weedon,
J. T. Green,	George Williard,
William Gibbins, 2	Wesley Williard,
Jonathan Miller,	Henry White.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

Hayden's Dictionary of Dates,

At the BOOK STORE.

Miscellaneous Books.

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Books is varies, a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

The Christian Lawyer.

Ordained to tread the thorny ground,
Where few I fear are faithful found,
Mine be the conscience, void of blame,
The upright heart, the spotless name,
The tribute of the widow's prayer,
The righted orphans' grateful tear.
To virtue and her friends a friend,
Still may my voice the weak defend!
Ne'er may my prostituted tongue
Protect the oppressor in his wrong,
Nor wrest the spirit of the laws
To sanctify a villains cause.
Let others with unsparing hand
Scatter their poison through the land;
Inflame dissension, kindle strife,
And strew with ills the path of life.
On such her gifts let fortune shower,
Add wealth to wealth and power to power;
On me may favoring Heaven bestow
That peace which good men only know,
The joy of joys by few possessed,
The eternal sunshine of the breast.
Power, fame, and riches I resign;
The praise of honesty be mine,
That friends may weep the worthy sigh,
And poor men bless me when I die.

All the Year Round

YOU CAN HAVE

GOOD SODA WATER

BY USING

WOOD'S CONDENSED SODA,

PUT UP IN

POCKET FOUNTS,

Charged with Gas, Sweetened and Flavored. Ready for use at all times and Everywhere.

Sixteen Glasses for 50 Cents.

FOR SALE AT

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

Notion Store!

J. BLICKENDERFER,

At the Old Drug Store on the South Side Public Square,

SALEM, N. C.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salem, Winston and surrounding country, that he has opened at the above place a

Notion and Variety Store,

which he has stocked with a fine assortment of Goods of the latest and most approved styles, embracing

HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, FANS, TRIMMINGS AND EDGINGS, RIBBONS, SOAPS, POCKET-BOOKS, SILK BUTTONS, PARASOLS, NECK-TIES, SEWING SILKS, SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, STATIONERY, SEGARS AND PIPES, JET JEWELRY, ZEPHYR AND GERMANTOWN WOOL, in fact, everything that can be found in a first class Notion establishment.

I am agent for the celebrated **Keystone Counterpanes,** Wool, Half Wool, and Cotton, of all colors, for Beds, Cribs and Cradles; those wishing to purchase are solicited to call and inspect my assortment just received from the Factory.

J. BLICKENDERFER.

Salem, N. C., May 19, 1871.–20-tf.

Threshing Machines,

MOWING and REAPING MACHINES.

I have secured the Agency for the sale of the best and most improved Threshing Machines not heretofore brought into this part of the country, called

"THE SWEEPSTAKES,"

The Farmer's long and well-tried Friend.

It is a thresher and cleaner combined, now extensively used throughout the Western States, furnished *geared or belted*,—is mounted on wheels,—needs no loading and unloading,—claims to clean thoroughly, loses no grain, and injures none.

I can also furnish the POWERS mounted on wheels, thus saving all heavy lifting. Intended for 4 or 6 horses, Lever Power.

Persons wishing a new Machine should by all means examine into the merits of the SWEEPSTAKES.

ALSO

The Improved Buck-Eye Mower

AND

BUCK-EYE MOWER and REAPER

With Dropper or Self-Rake Attachment.

This Machine has been much improved and the price reduced. It now has a *Self-Rake* attachment, with side delivery. The Buck-Eye was tried last Fall at a number of State Fairs in the West with from 14 to 20 other Machines, and took the highest premiums. Will cut over one acre of grain or grass per hour.

Over **100,000** *of the Buck-Eye now in use in the United States.*

I can sell them now at less price than heretofore, and for less than others are now offered at.

E. A. VOGLER.

Salem, N. C., May 12, 1871.–19-tf.

SONG ECHO

A New School Book. by H. S. Perkins. Price $7 50 per dozen. Contains over two hundred new & beautiful Songs, Duets, etc., by WILL S. HAYS, WEBSTER, THOMAS, et¢,. Everything is new, fresh and sparkling. Contents and specimen pages sent free. Sample copies mailed free of postage to teachers for 65 cents.—Liberal terms for introduction.

Subscribers to PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY are getting their Music for less than two cents a piece.—Those who have not seen this Musical Magazine should send 30 cents for a sample copy. The music is by HAYS, THOMAS, KINKEL, PERSLEY, and other popular writers.

Two back numbers for 40 cents. Four back numbers for 75 cents. Subscribers get

FIFTY DOLLARS

WORTH of MUSIC for $3.

Address

J. L. PETERS, 599, Broadway, N. Y.

Teachers sending us their orders for $10 worth of music, can claim a year's subscription to Peters' Musical Monthly.

FEVER AND AGUE.

JUST RECEIVED a fresh lot of the Great South American Fever and Ague Cure. Has never failed to have the desired effect. Call and get a bottle at

WOMACK'S.

CALICOES! A Fine lot of latest styles Calico just received at

June 9.—23-tf. WOMACK'S.

JUST RECEIVED,

ANOTHER supply of Drugs, Medicines Dyestuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles &c., &c. at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
Post Office Building.

ESTABLISHED 1827!

THE CID FRANKLIN PRESS.

PLAIN AND FANCY

BOOK & JOB PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

8 O'CLOCK.

27-4w.

Thea-Nectar

IS A PURE

BLACK TEA

with the Green Tea Flavor.—Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the **Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.,** 8 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular.

27-4w.

WANTED—AGENTS, (**$20 *per day***) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock-stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the Market. Address, JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St Louis, Mo. 27-4w.

$375 A MONTH—Expenses paid—Male or Female Agents—Horse and outfit furnished. Address, SACO NOVELTY CO., Saco, Me. 27-4w

---

It has the delicate and refreshing fragrance of genuine Farina Cologne Water, and is indispensable to the Toilet of every Lady or Gentleman. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in PERFUMERY.

COLGATE'S EAU-DE-COLOGNE TOILET SOAP.

27-4w.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 CENTS with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, No. 24, Fultonville, N. Y. 27-4w

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FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.

We will send a handsome Prospectus of our *New Illustrated Family Bible* containing over **200** fine Scripture Illustrations to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 27-4w.

REDUCTION OF PRICES

TO CONFORM TO

REDUCTION OF DUTIES.

GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS

BY GETTING UP CLUBS.

☞ Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY

31 & 33 VESEY STREET,

P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK, 27-4w.

JURUBEBA.

WHAT IS IT?

It is a sure and perfect remedy for all diseases of the LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES, URINARY, UTERINE, OR ABDOMINAL ORGANS, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMMATION OF THE LIVER, DROPSY, SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD, ABSCESSES TUMORS, JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE AND FEVER AND THEIR CONCOMITANTS

DR. WELLS having become aware of the extraordinary medicinal properties of the South American plant called

JURUBEBA,

sent a special commission to that country to procure it in its native purity, and having found its wonderful curative properties to even exceed the anticipations formed by its great reputation, has concluded to offer it to the public, and is happy to state that he has made arrangements for a regular monthly supply of this wonderful Plant. He has spent much time experimenting and investigating as to the most efficient preparation from it, for popular use, and has for some time used in his own practice with most happy results the effectual medicine now presented to the public as

Dr. WELL'S EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

and he confidently recommends it to every family as a household remedy which should be freely taken as a BLOOD PURIFIER in all derangements of the system and to animate and fortify all weak and Lymphatic temperaments. JOHN Q. KELLOGG,

Platt St. New York.

Price One Dollar per bottle. Send for Circular. 27..4w

Psychomancy. This word is derived from the Greek, signifying the power of the soul, spirit or mind, and is the basis of all human knowledge. Psychomancy is the title of a new work of 400 pages, by HERBERT HAMILTON, B. A., giving full instructions in the science of Soul Charming and Psychologic Fascination; how to exert this wonderful power over men or animals instantaneously, at will. It teaches Mesmerism, how to become Trance or Writing Mediums, Divination, Spiritualism, Alchemy, Philosophy of Omens and Dreams, Brigham Young's Harem, Guide to Marriage, &c. This is the only book in the English language professing to teach this occult power, and is of immense advantage to the Merchant in selling goods, the Lawyer in gaining the confidence of Jurors, the Physician in healing the sick; to Lovers, in securing the affections of the opposite sex, and all seeking riches or happiness. Price by mail, in cloth, $1 25; paper covers, $1. Agents wanted for this book, Private Medical Works, Perfumery, Jewelry, &c., who will receive samples free. Address, T. W. EVANS, Publisher and Perfumer, 41 South 8th St., Philadelphia, Pa. 27-4w.

$10 FROM 50 Cts.

12 samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cents that retail readily for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Sq., N. Y. 27-4w.

TEACHERS OR STUDENTS

Wanting Employment, at from $50 to $100 per month, should address ZIEGLER & McCURDY, Phila., Pa, 27-4w

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CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS!

ASTONISHING cures by Prof. Kline at the Philadelphia Cancer Institute, 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. At Branch Offices, by Dr. Dalton, 238 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.; by Dr. Greene, Charlotte, N. C.; by Dr. Healy, Stubblefield House, Atlanta, Ga.

Wonderful Cancer Antidotes.

No Knife. No Caustic Medicines. No Blood. Little Pain.

For particulars, call on or address either of the above.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls can earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE. April 14, 1871. 15-8m.

THE TURBINE **THE LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL,** WATER WHEEL.

Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys

STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS.

POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

Sept. 9, 1870-35-1y.

$5 TO $10 PER DAY! MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS who engage in our business make from FIVE to TEN DOLLARS PER DAY in their own localities. Full particulars and instructions sent free by mail. Those in need of permanent, profitable work, should address at once. GEORGE STINSON & Co.

April 14,–15-3m. Portland, Maine.

New Family Grocery!

J. P. LANDQUIST,

SALEM, N. C.,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Salem, Winston, and the surrounding country, that he has taken the business stand recently occupied by Mr. James Fisher, and opened a

Grocery and Provision Store,

for the sale of everything in that line which can be needed by a family. His stock is

NEW AND FRESH,

and has been selected especially with a view to meet the wants of this community. It comprises the best varieties of

MOLASSES, SUGAR, COFFEE and TEAS,
Flour, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Crackers, Butter, Cheese, Pickles, Chickens, Eggs, Fish, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand, and at astonishingly low prices for

CASH OR BARTER.

☞ Do not fail to inspect my stock before purchasing.

J. P. LANDQUIST.

March 3, 1871–9-3m.

NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

TRADE MARK.

PATENTED.

Contains no LAC SULPHUR—No SUGAR of LEAD—No LITHARGE—No NITRATE of SILVER, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desideratums long sought for and found at last!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Grey, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. AS A DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.

Dr. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass. Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to PROCTER BROS., for a Treatise on the Human Hair.—The information it contains is worth $5.00 to any person.

For sale at ZEVELY'S Drug Store.
Nov. 25, 1870-46-1y. Salem, N. C.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND MEDICINES,

AT

Shaffner's Drug Store,

Main Street, Salem, N. C.

Constantly on hand a full assortment of CHEMICALS, DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, SPICES, TEAS, SEEDS, GLASSES, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES,

and everything else usually kept in a

First Class Drug Store.

PHYSICIANS

will be supplied with reliable Medicines, promptly and at reasonable figures.

The undersigned is the only authorized agent for the sale in this market, of the justly celebrated

Liberty White Lead,

the best and most economical in use.

Call, examine goods, and ascertain prices.

J. F. SHAFFNER.

May 5, 1871.–18-tf.

NEW Stationery Packages.

THE UNITED STATES SPECIE PACKAGE contains

5 sheets Note Paper, 5 Envelopes,
1 Lead Pencil, 1 Penholder,
1 Oroide Gold Pen, 1 new Dime Book.

☞ Every package is guaranteed to contain either 5, 10, 25, or 50 cents in nickel or silver.

Price 25 Cents.

THE Excelsior Stationery Package contains 10 sheets of Good Paper. 10 Envelopes,
1 Good Lead Pencil, 1 Pen Holder,
1 Oroide Gold Pen, 1 New Dime Book and
1 set of Ladie's or Gents' Jewelry, with a cash prize of from 5 cents to $1 00.

Price Fifty Cents.

THE FAIRY CASKET

contains 12 sheets of Lady's Note Paper, 12 Envelopes, 1 good Penholder, 1 oroide Gold Pen, 1 good lead Pencil, Copy popular Song Book, 1 copy of the Art of Love, 1 Dime Book, 1 Little Flirt, or the art of Hadkerchief, Glove, and Fan Flirtation, with Floral Language of Love, 1 Little Facinator.

In addition to the above, each casket is guaranteed to contain from 5 cents to $5 in money or one of the following valuable presents: 1 Lady's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Gentleman's Triple Plated Gold Watch, 1 Fine Pen Knife, 1 Gent's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Pocket Book, 1 Lady's Ink Stand, 1 set Jewelry.

☞ The Casket is a neat gilt box, and makes a handsome present for a lady or a gentleman.

Price only One Dollar.

For Sale at the Book Store.

ZEVELY'S

DRUG STORE.

POST OFFICE BUILDING.

THOSE who wish to supply themselves with fresh and reliable

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

an always find them at the above establish ment, at reasonable prices.

FANCY ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
NOTIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,

in fact everything in his line always on hand

A. T. ZEVELY

Jan. 14, 1870

VERMICELLI & MACCARONI

AT

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
POSTOFFICE BUILDING

Feb. 20, 1868 26–

HAND BOOK

FOR

COUNTY OFFICERS

CHEAP AT BLUM'S.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

SPLENDID STOCK.

THE Undersigned has just received the most attractive stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever offered by him to the people of this and the surrounding counties, comprising

DRY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES,

HARDWARE, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, KITCHEN FURNITURE, FARM UTENSILS, &c., &c.,

fresh and new, and as cheap as the cheapest. *No one shall get ahead of me in*

LOW PRICES.

My friends will find my stock of Dry Goods and Notions, **STAPLE AND FANCY,** complete, and purchased after the late decline in prices at the North. I have a large supply of **Ladies' and Gentlemen's**

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and can furnish you with the latest make and style.

I am receiving large additions to my Stock of

Hardware

AND

CUTLERY,

and can guarantee satisfaction in quality and prices.

HATS FOR EVERYBODY,

THE LATEST STYLES OUT.

HOSIERY,

The best quality Ladies', Misses', and Children's Hose of every size.

I would call especial attention to my carefully selected stock of

Groceries,

which I offer at the lowest possible price for Cash or Barter.

I earnestly invite the attention of our country and town people to my varied assortment, and promise to make it their interest to purchase of me.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

taken in exchange for goods upon liberal terms.

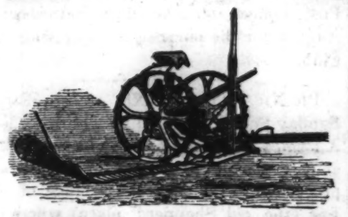
Call and look over my stock, even if you do not wish to buy just now.

Mr. T. F. CRIST, well known to the people of this section, will be found at my establishment, and will be glad to see all his old friends and customers.

R. A. WOMMACK,

Salem, N. C,. April 28, 1871.–17-tf. **Agent.**

ADVANCE



MOWER AND REAPER.

THE Strongest, Lightest Draft, most Compact and Perfect Machine ever offered to the public.

This Machine has an *iron frame*, all in one piece, which cannot become rickety, like the *wood frame* Machines. The finger bar is not attached to the frame, but is hinged direct to the tongue. There is no side draft. The Gear, or Cogwheels are all in the centre of frame under the driver's seat, enclosed in an iron case, so as to exclude all grit and obviate the danger of the driver's lines becoming entangled in the wheels.

All that is asked of persons desiring a good MOWER and REAPER, is that they lay aside all prejudice, and carefully examine, and thoroughly test THE ADVANCE MOWER AND REAPER, before purchasing elsewhere.

Mowers $115. Mower and Reaper combined $155.

For Circulars and full particulars, call on or address C. A. HEGE, Agent,
Friedburg, Forsyth Co., N. C.

☞ Also Agent for the ITHACA WHEEL RAKE. Price $40. April 28, 1871–17-3m.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends; and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

AT HALF PRICE.

Dollar Diaries at Fifty Cents

AT BLUM'S.

Wood's Object Lessons

IN BOTANY.

Game of Great Events,

AT THE BOOK-STORE.

Patterson & Co's Column

SPRING & SUMMER CAMPAIGN.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

An increasing trade has induced us to purchase a LARGER STOCK OF GOODS than usual, and to add to it many new attractions.. We have adopted as our rule in business:

"QUICK SALES and SHORT PROFITS,"

Hoping, by a frequent turn of our money, to realize the same profit that slow merchants expect from selling one or two purchases a year. Trusting in this way to reward ourselves, we give the benefit of short profits to our customers.

We believe that our accumulated stock will prove ample for the wants of our trade. If mistaken, we shall order from the most reliable business houses in the northern cities, until the needs of all our customers are supplied.

The decline in many articles of merchandise warrants us in promising

LOW PRICES.

DRY GOODS:

Prints of every style and price, DeLaines, Challies, Lawns, Linen Lawns, Piques, Alpacas, Gros Grain and Japanese Silk, and other late styles of Dress Goods. Swiss Muslins, in large supply, Nainsook, Mull Muslin, Brilliants, &c. A very full assortment of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Drills, and Linen Goods.

For Gentlemen's Wear:—Elegant Black Doeskin, Fancy Cassimeres, Cottonades, Linen Duck, "Fries' Jeans," including a new and beautiful style of Tweeds now being manufactured. Also a well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, both in Wool and Linen.

NOTIONS.

A larger stock than ever. Our line of Hosiery, Gloves, Veils, Trimmings, Laces, Edgings and Insertings, and Fancy Goods of all kinds cannot be excelled.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our splendid line of Corsets, seamless Kid Gloves, &c.

☞ Call and examine our stock.

BOOTS & SHOES

In this department, we have devoted much time and labor to the selection of Ladies' Fine Shoes. We believe that we can sell a better shoe for less money than can be bought elsewhere. We have every variety of Lace, Button and Congress Gaiters, and an excellent assortment of Morocco and other Leather Shoes.

For Gentlemen we have a full assortment of Boots and Shoes including the celebrated "Burt Gaiter." Also Misses, Boys' and Children's Shoes in good supply.

HATS.

A better assortment than we have ever kept. Fur, Wool, Silk und Straw suitable for old men, young men, plain men, fancy men, and all sorts of boys.

Drugs and Dyestuffs,

SOAPS AND PERFUMERY, QUEEN AND GLASSWARE, HOLLOWWARE, Iron, Nails, &c., in full supply and at low figures.

HARDWARE.

If you wish Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Mechanic's Tools, Farmer's Tools, and Agricultural Implements, Building Materials, Mill Saws, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware, Shoe Findings, Cherry Seeders, Horse and Mule Shoes, &c., call upon us, and we will supply you.

GROCERIES.

We make a specialty of these Goods.

In Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices and like articles, we fear no Competition

OUR HOUSE shall remain "HEADQUARTERS" in the Groceryline.

We call particular attention to above partial enumeration of our stock.

We are agents for the Louderback & Smith's "Rustic Window Shades." They are cheap, convenient and durable, and are better than either the oiled or paper shades. They have had a large sale wherever introduced.

We shall strive earnestly to give satisfaction in all branches of our business, and hope that no customer will have to leave our house to make purchases elsewhere.

Feeling grateful for our past trade and hopeful for its increase in the future, we wish for our Farmers,—"the bone and sinew" of the land,—the most abundant crops, and for all classes good health and increased prosperity.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., April 14, 1871. 14-tf

M. WP. GRAVES, THOS. H. MCDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA,

FOR THE SALE OF

LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 165 by 70 feet, with 19 skylights. Prompt attention to the interes and comfort of Planters and their teams

March 3, —9-1.

Musical Instruments

AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE

VIOLINS, GUITARS,
BANJOS, TAMBORINES,
FLUTES, FIFES,
ACCORDIONS.
VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS.
Extra Violin

BOWS and HAIR

For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of

Perfumery, Soaps & Fancy Articles.

We Go [illegible] OUR [illegible]

BUT WE [illegible]

NEW G[illegible]

EVERY W[illegible]

AT LOWEST [illegible] Cash. AJO cents. Flat and Neat [illegible] cheaper than the cheapest.

J. L. F[illegible]

GREAT DECLINE IN [illegible]

CALL and see BEST ASS[illegible] Market.

Sugar 10, Good Coffee [illegible] new to come.

March 10, 1871. J. L[illegible]

THE FINEST, NEAT[illegible] NEWEST STYLE[illegible] dies Misses and Children[illegible] pressly for our Sales.

Our last hand-made superior in Style [illegible] market.

Feb. [illegible], 1871–7tf.

SHOW[illegible]

For sale [illegible]

LADIE[illegible]

CLUNY and [illegible]

Feb. 3–5–[illegible]

LOW[illegible]

WILL fi[illegible] what [illegible] refunded. [illegible]

Jan. 27. J. L. FU[illegible] Jun03

MAHOGANY & ROSEWOOD grained TABLE OIL CLOTH.

a beautiful article.

Come and see, for seeing is believing, and believing is to buy of J. L. FULKERSON.

Feb.3–5tf.

If you wish a superior article of

XETRA GOLDEN SYRUP and Fine MUSCOVADO MOLASSES,

Call on

J. L. FULKERSON.

THERE IS NO DANGER IN USING THE **Best Radiant Oil!**

112 fire test. We keep only the best.

Feb. 3–5tf J. L. FULKERSON.

To Coffee Drinkers.

TRY OUR FINE CEYLON 8 O'CLOCK BREAKFAST COFFEE.

Jan. 27. J. L. FULKERSON.

BRUSH AWAY!

WITH superior Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Nail, Hat, Paint, Whitewash and Hor. e Brushes.—Best in market.

NEW COMBS!

WHO would do without a new Comb, when a superior article of *Horn, Shell, Gutta Percha*,—plain and metal backs—*Fine-tooth* and *Pocket Combs*, can be had so cheap.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

BY purchasing either *Pocket Wallets, Ladies' Purses* of steel, leather and velvet,—neat and durable.

"FAIRY CASKET,"

A beautiful article for Ladies Toilet use, with SOAP and PERFUMERY in great variety, and at all prices.

BRIGHT!

BRIGHTER!!

BRIGHTEST!!!

SAPOLIO for cleaning Silver, Brass, Tin, &c., superior to any article of the kind now in use.

☞ Be sure and call for any of the above articles at

ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

POST OFFICE BUILDING, Salem, N. C.

48-tf.

Health and Strength.

CROOK'S WINE OF TAR

Throat and Lungs.

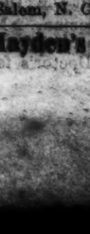
For ten years Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has been tested and proved in thousands of cases, capable of curing all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing wonderful cures. Will you let prejudice prevent you from being cured also?

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, combined with vegetable ingredients of unrivalled value. It rapidly restores lasting strength, cleanses the Stomach, relieves the Liver and puts them to work, causes the food to digest, and makes pure blood. If you are afflicted in any way, we know the life-giving truth promise of Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar, are what you need.

It cures all Coughs and Colds in a manner wonderful to all. Diseases of Asthma and Bronchitis, have caused many requires but a few doses. All suffering from Consumption or any Disease of the Lungs should remember that Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar has cured many cases pronounced incurable.

The Tar and Debilitated should remember it nourishes and invigorates the system, and is health-giving and appetite-causing.

It also cures Liver and Kidney Complaints, and by its healthy action on the Stomach, removes Dyspepsia. Try one bottle. Take only Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar. Sold by Druggists.



For Scrofula, Scrofulous Humors, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eye, or Scrofula in any form, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Blood, Skin, Bowels, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Piles, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, or any disease depending on a depraved condition of the blood, take Dr. Crook's Sarsaparilla Syrup of Pine Bark. It is combined with the most tonic preparations of iron known, and is the best Spring and Blood Purifier made. Cleanse your blood. Try one Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

Prepared only by

May 12, 1871.–19-3m.

BOARDING HOUSE.

Main Street, nearly opposite Hege Bros. Store,

SALEM, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs those who are desirous of obtaining comfortable boarding that he is prepared to receive a limited number of ladies and gentlemen upon liberal terms.

Salem is one of the most healthy, quiet and pleasant places in North Carolina, and is a favorite resort for those who desire to escape the summer heats of the lower counties.

R. A. JENKINS.

Salem, N. C., March 31, 1871.–15-tf.

SPRING TRADE, 1871.

WE have now in store our SPRING GOODS, bought mostly for Cash of the Manufacturers and Importers, consisting of

WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, SUSPENDERS,
PERFUMERIES, STATIONERY,

and all other articles usually kept in a FIRST CLASS NOTION HOUSE.

Cash and prompt house customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

BLAIR & TRAXTON.

14 Pearl Street, Richmond Virginia.

April 7.–13-3m.

Miscellaneous Books.

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Books is varied, a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. V. & R. R. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

Hayden's Dictionary of Dates,

At the BOOK STORE.